



# Toward a Distributed SDN Controller - ONOS

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APNOMS 2017



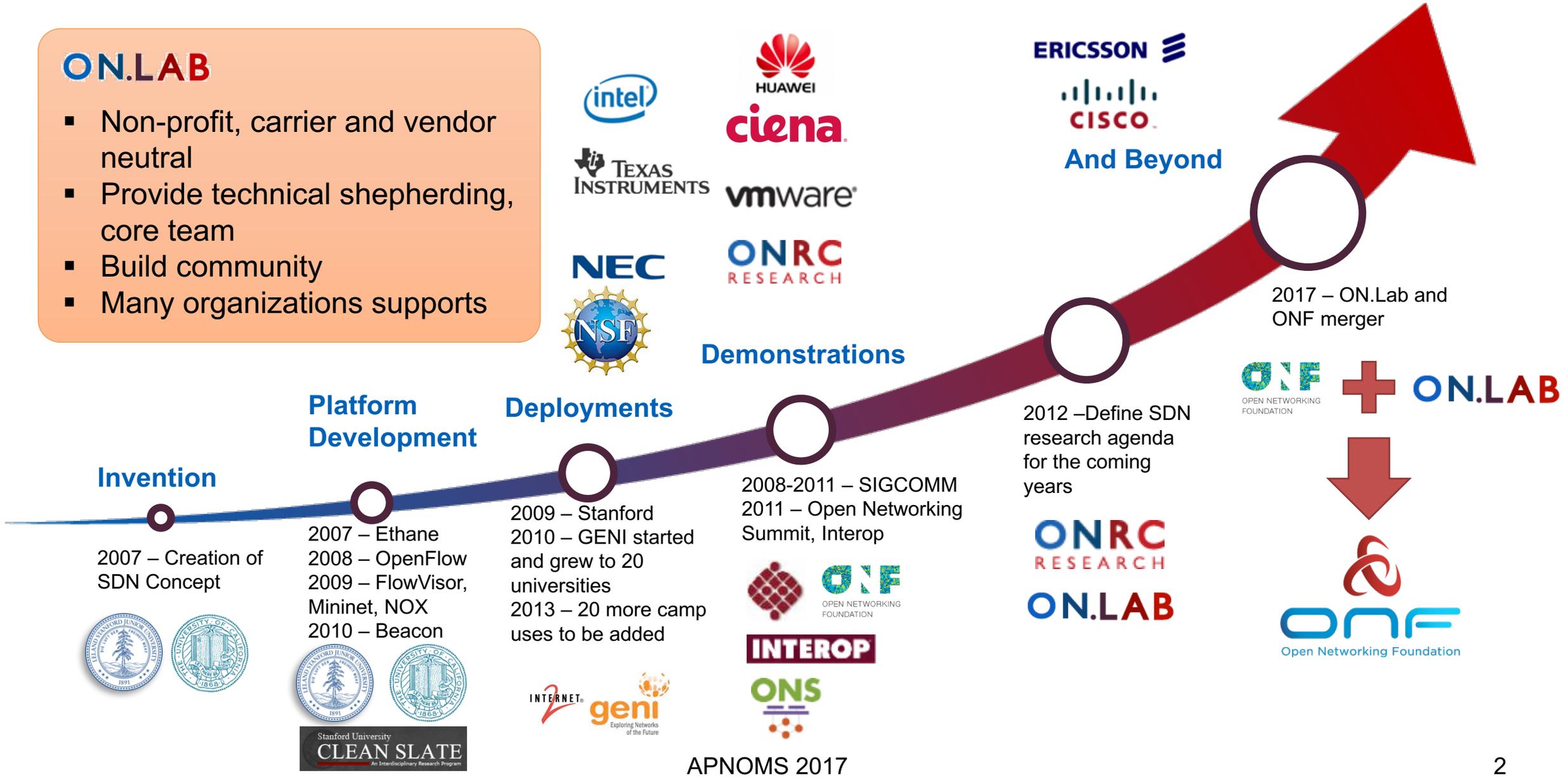
- Background
- Introduction to ONOS
  - Distributed Core
  - Northbound
    - Dynamic Configuration
  - Southbound
  - Application
- ONOS Community
- DEMO

# SDN Evolution and ONF



## ON.LAB

- Non-profit, carrier and vendor neutral
- Provide technical shepherding, core team
- Build community
- Many organizations supports



Stanford University  
**CLEAN SLATE**  
An Interdisciplinary Research Program

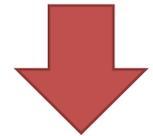


**INTEROP**



APNOMS 2017

**ONF** + **ON.LAB**



# Why are Service Providers Interested in SDN?



**Lower Cost**

Reduce CAPEX  
and OPEX



Bring cloud-style agility, flexibility,  
scalability to their networks



Roll out  
service rapidly

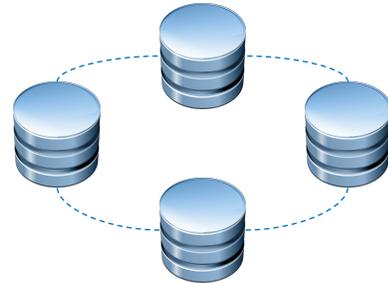


Reduce operational  
complexity, increase visibility

But Service Provider networks place stringent requirements on SDN control plane



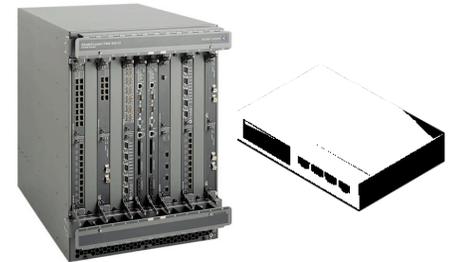
Handle tens of millions of  
fixed and hundreds of  
millions wireless end points



Provide five nines  
availability, high  
performance, low latency



Need ease of use,  
service creation  
and delivery



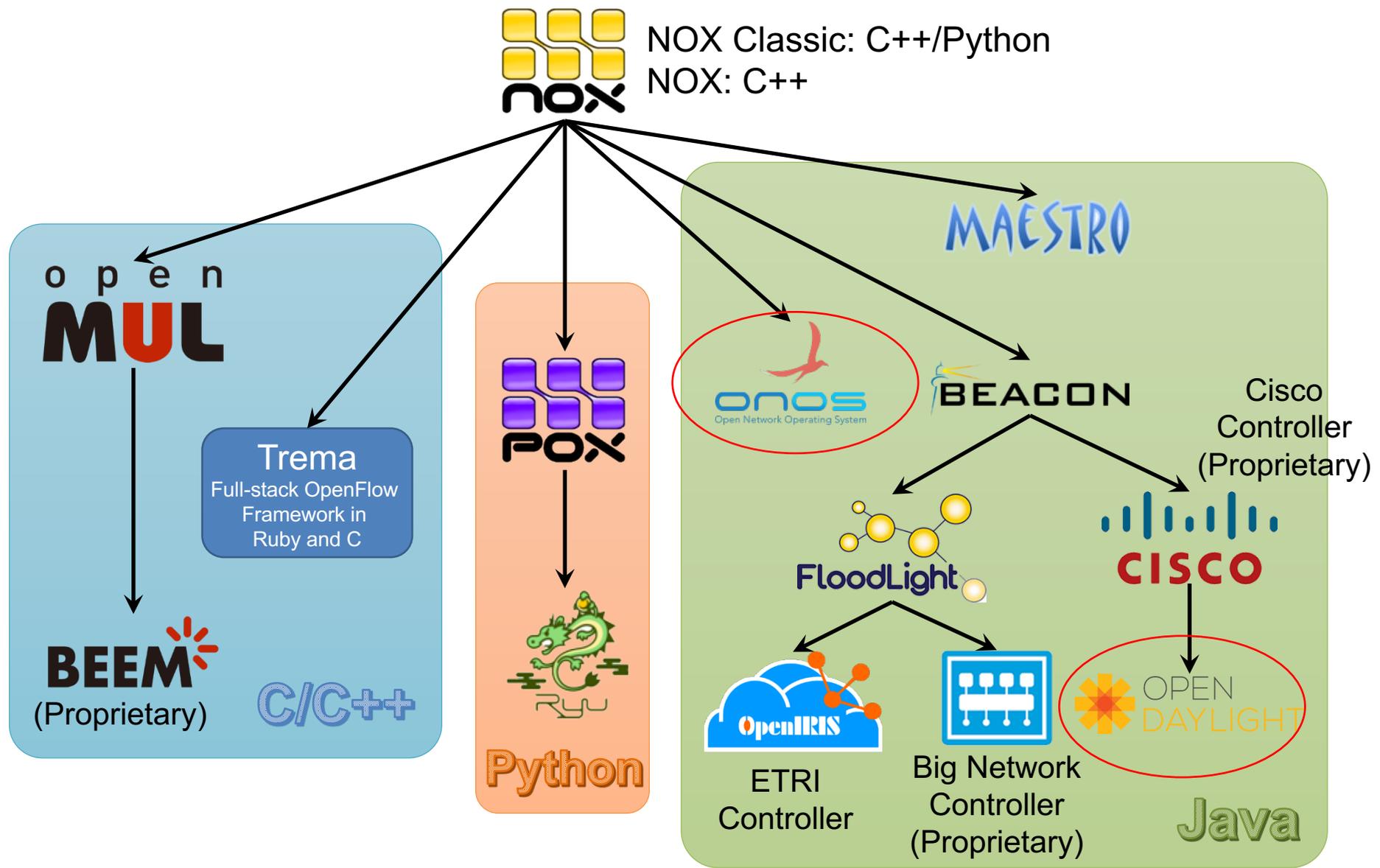
Allow seamless migration  
of existing N/W while  
capitalizing on white boxes

**ONOS is a SDN network operating system (control plane platform)  
designed for these stringent Service Provider requirements**

# Pedigree Chart of OpenFlow Controllers



Support OpenFlow + Legacy Protocols



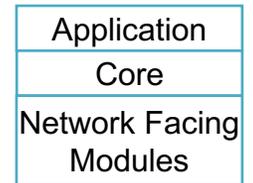


# Introduction to ONOS

# ONOS Overview



- ONOS: Open Network Operating System
  - Open source SDN network operating system
  - Objective: enable service providers to build real SDN/NFV solutions
  - Design goals
    - Code modularity: possible to introduce new functions as self-contained units
    - Configurability: possible to load and unload various features in runtime
    - Separation of Concern
      - **Protocol-aware network-facing modules** → interact with network
      - **Protocol-agnostic system core** → tracks and serves info on network state
      - **Application** → consumes and acts on the information provided by core
    - Protocol agnosticism
      - Should not be bound to specific protocol libraries or implementations



**ON.LAB**  
Founded – 2012

ONOS Prototype 1 – 2013  
(scalability, high availability)

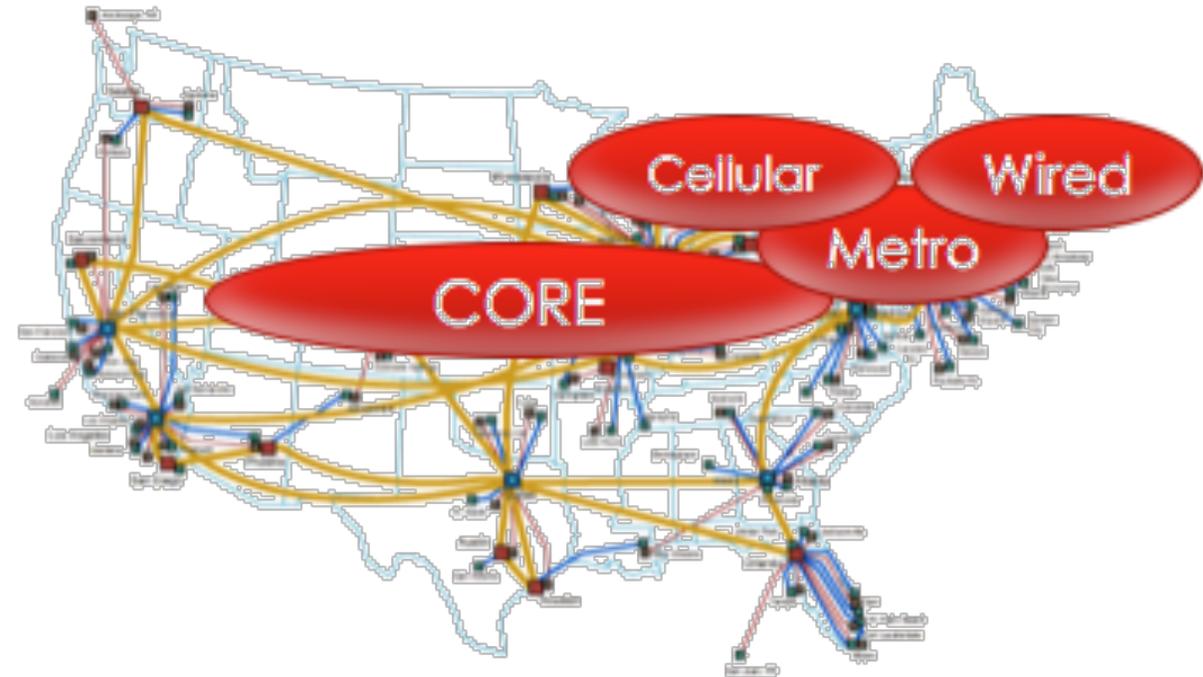
ONOS Prototype 2 – 2013  
(performance)

First Open Source Release  
Dec 5<sup>th</sup>, 2014

# Service Provider Networks



- WAN core backbone
  - Multi-protocol Label Switching (MPLS) with Traffic Engineering (TE)
  - 200-500 routers, 5-10K ports
- Metro Networks
  - Metro cores for access networks
  - 10-50K routers, 2-3M ports
- Cellular Access Networks
  - LTE for a metro area
  - 20-100K devices, 100K-100M ports
- Wired Access / Aggregation
  - Access network for homes
  - 10-50K devices, 100K-1M ports

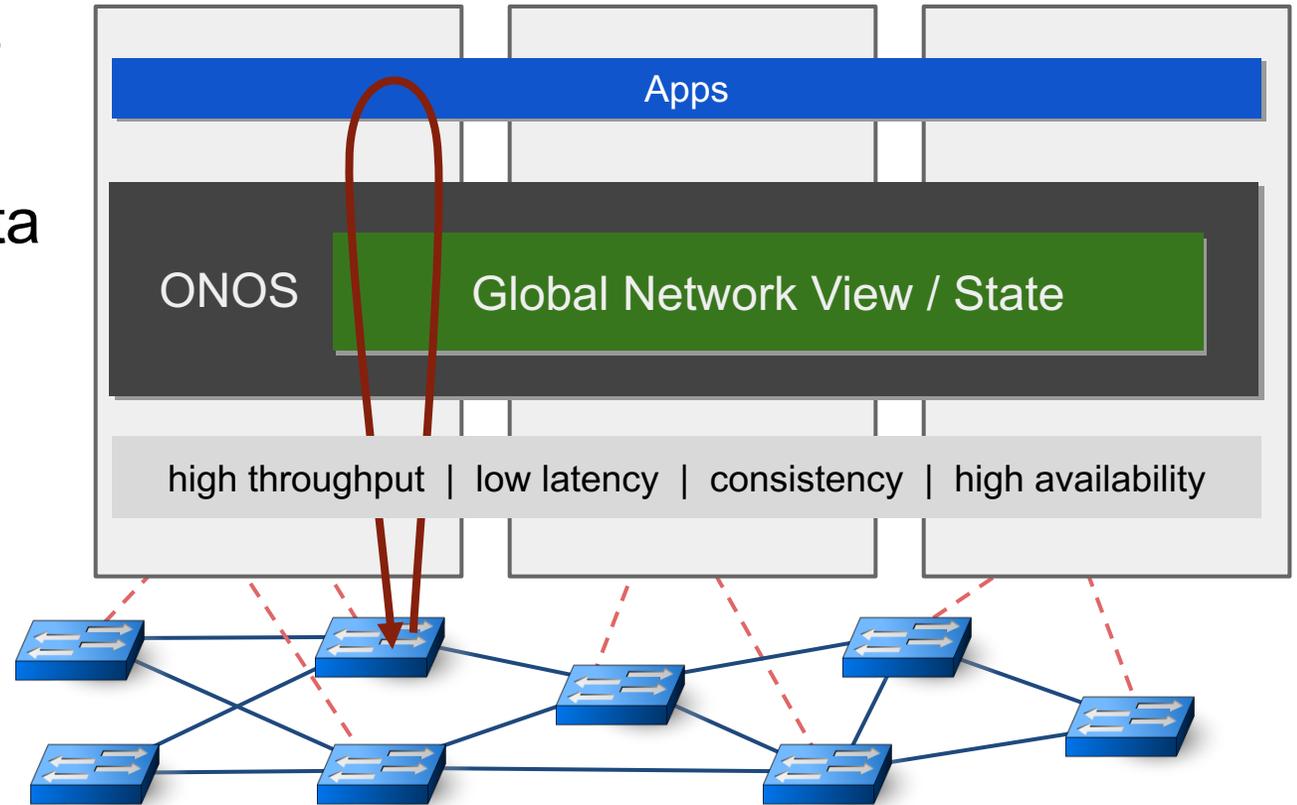


# Key Performance Requirements

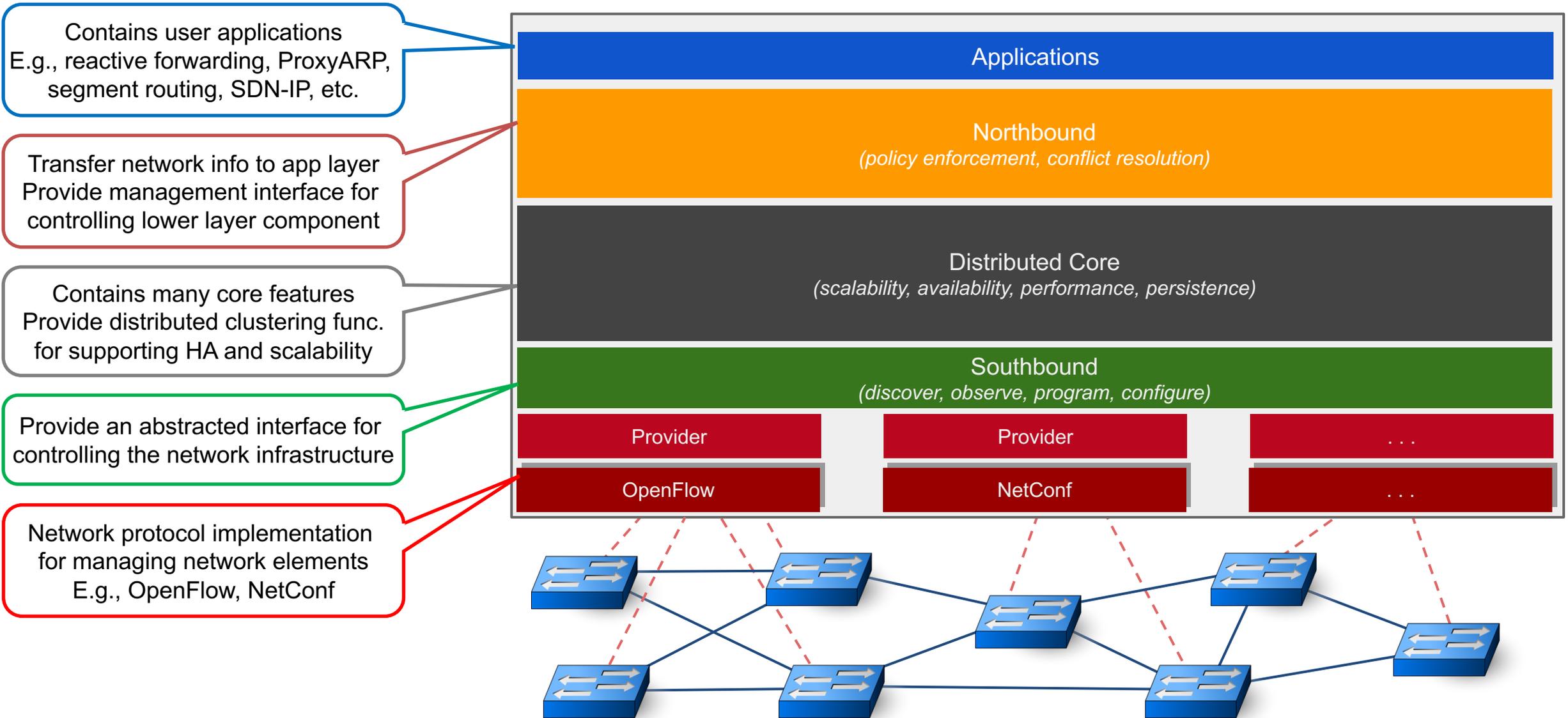


- High Throughput
  - 500K - 1M paths setups/s
  - 3 - 6M network state operations/s
- High Volume
  - 500GB - 1TB of network state data

**Challenging!**



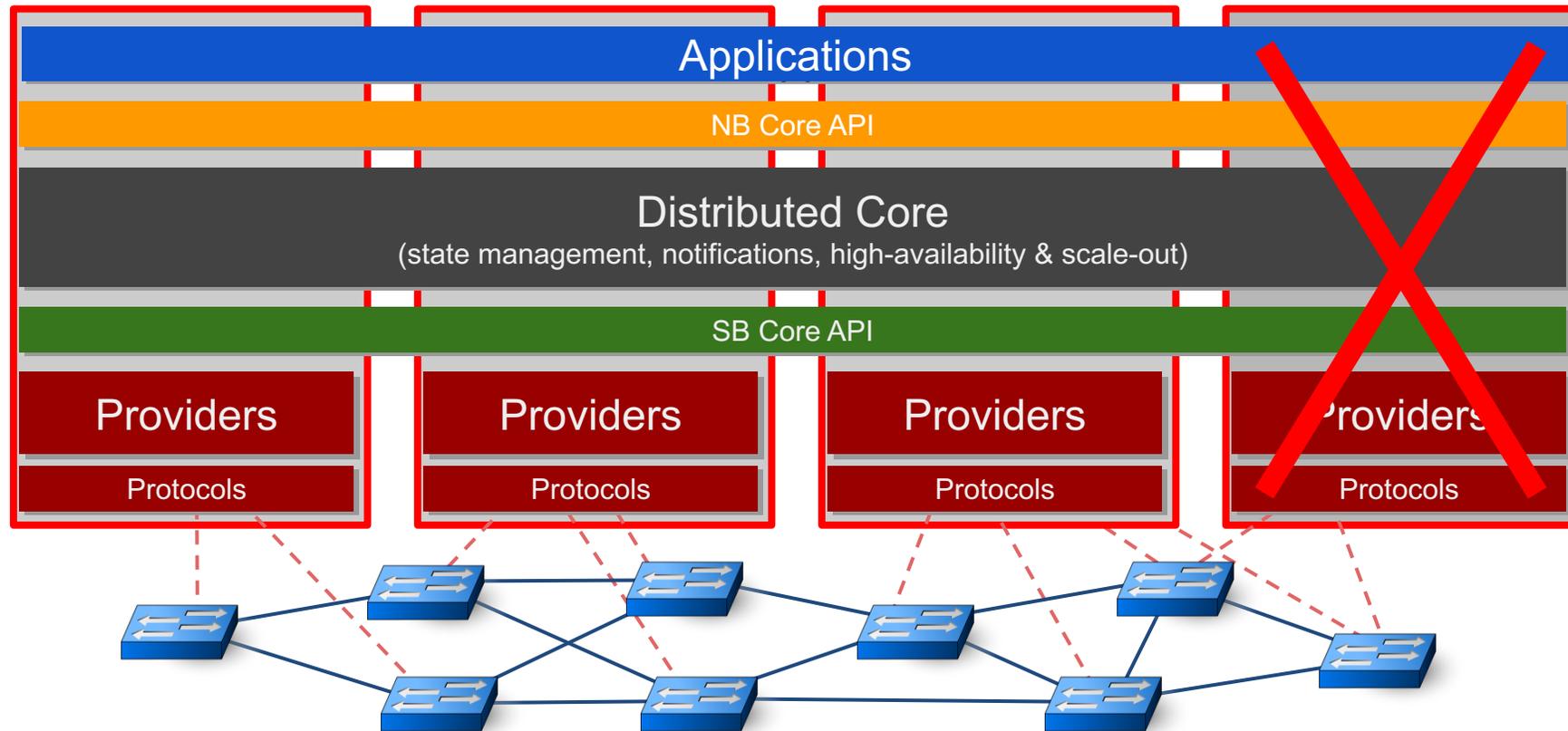
# ONOS Architecture (1/2)



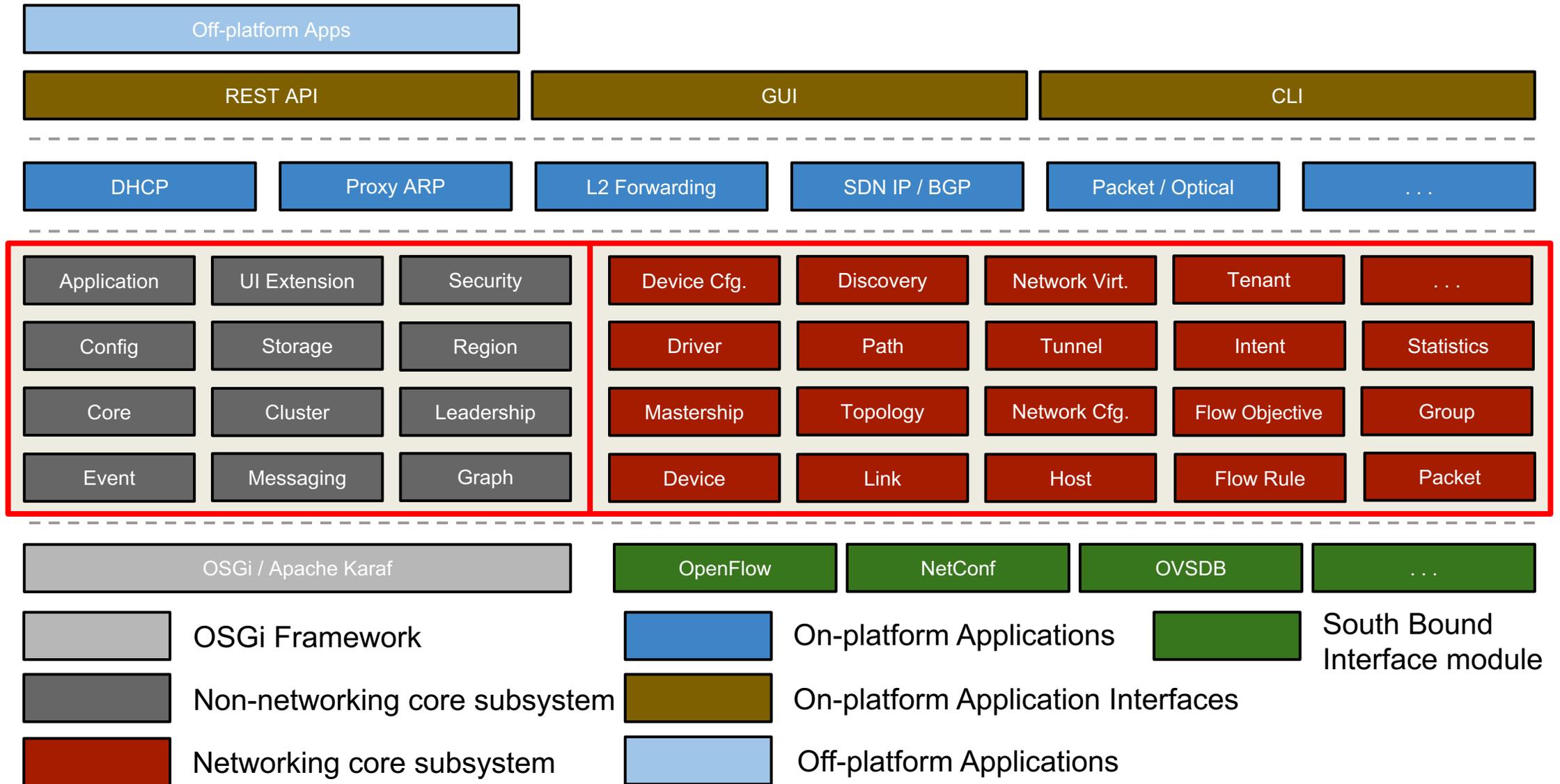
# ONOS Architecture (2/2)



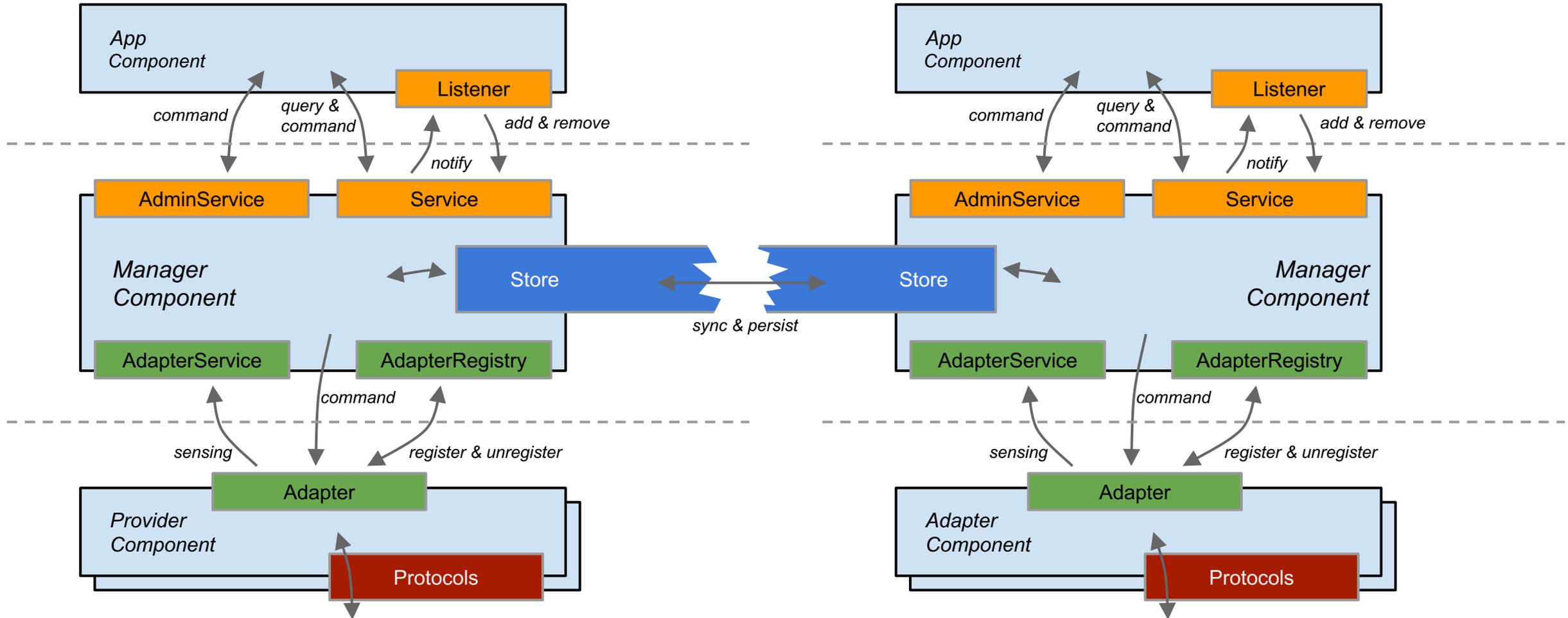
- Features
  - High Availability (HA)
  - Load Balancing (LB)



# ONOS Subsystems (Services)

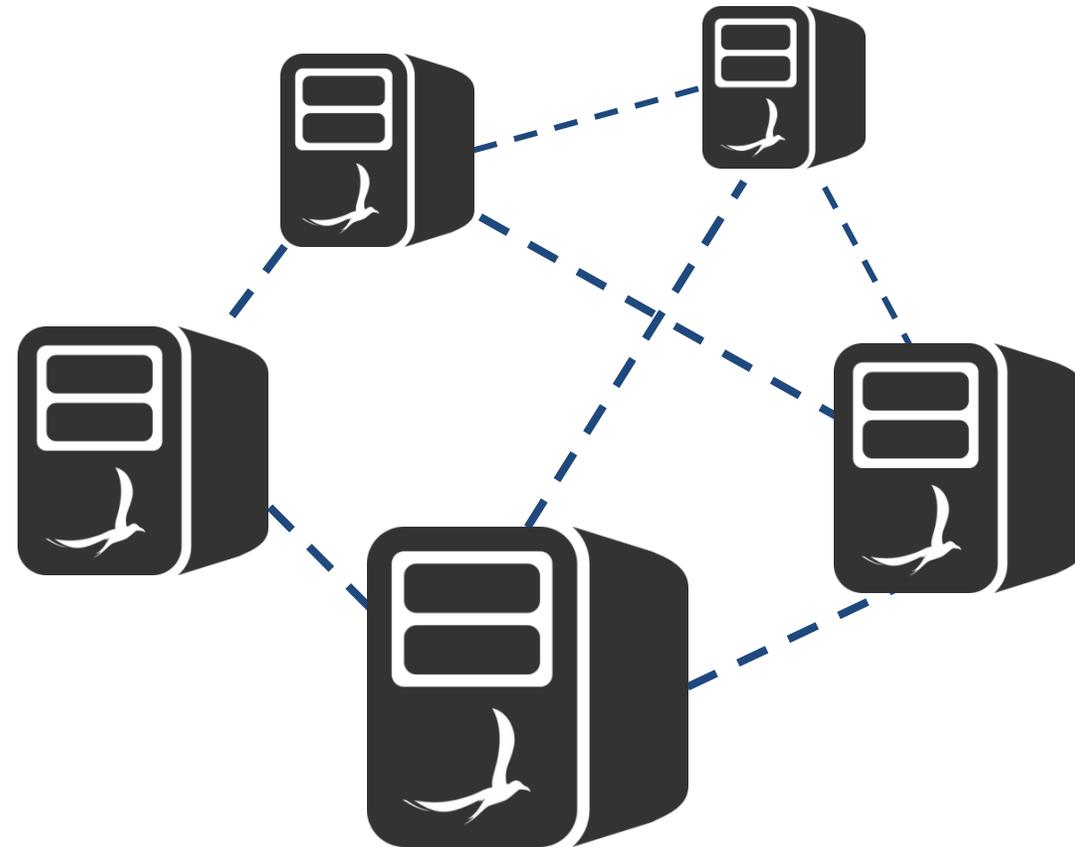


# ONOS Core Subsystem Structure





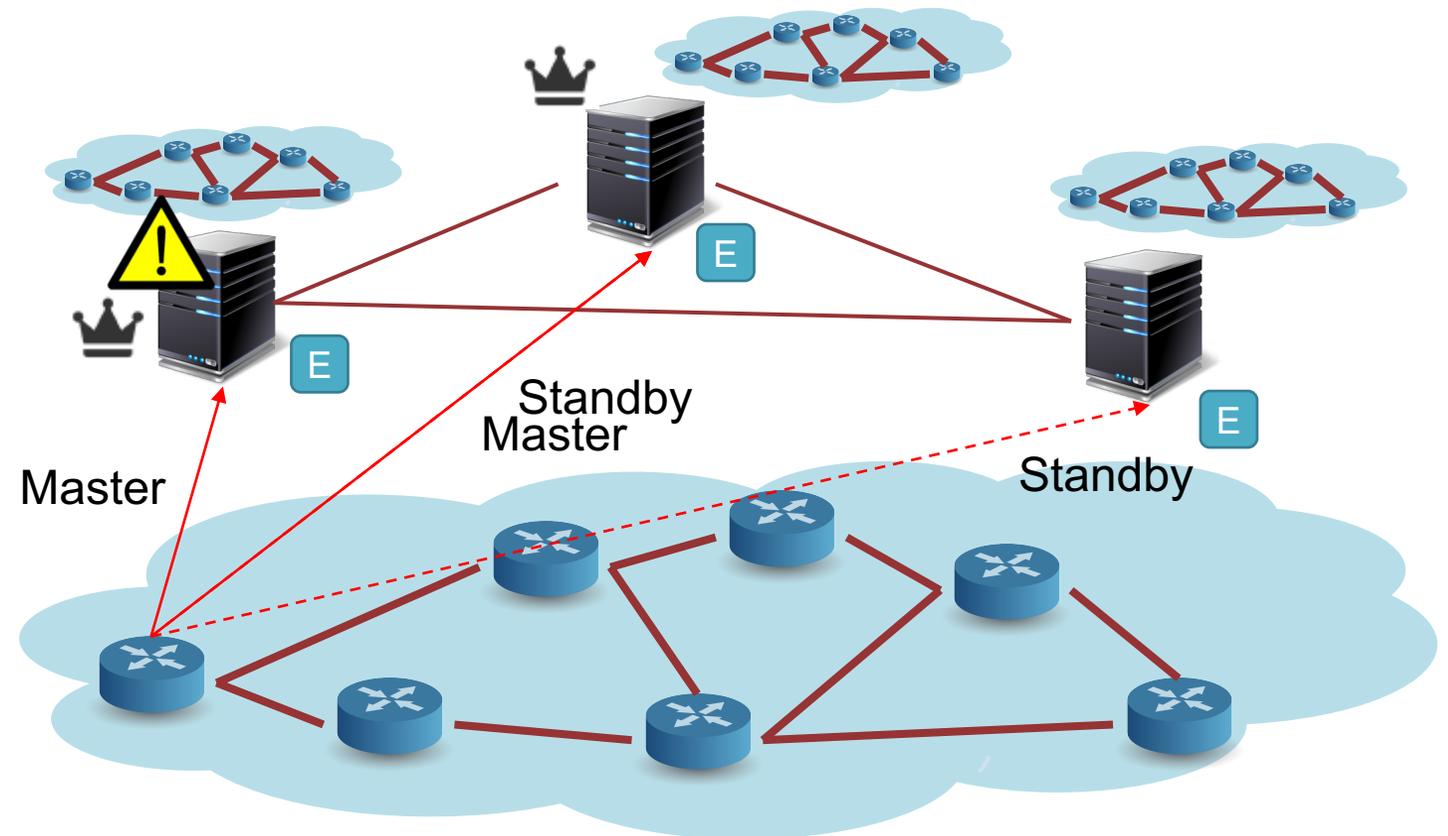
# Distributed Core



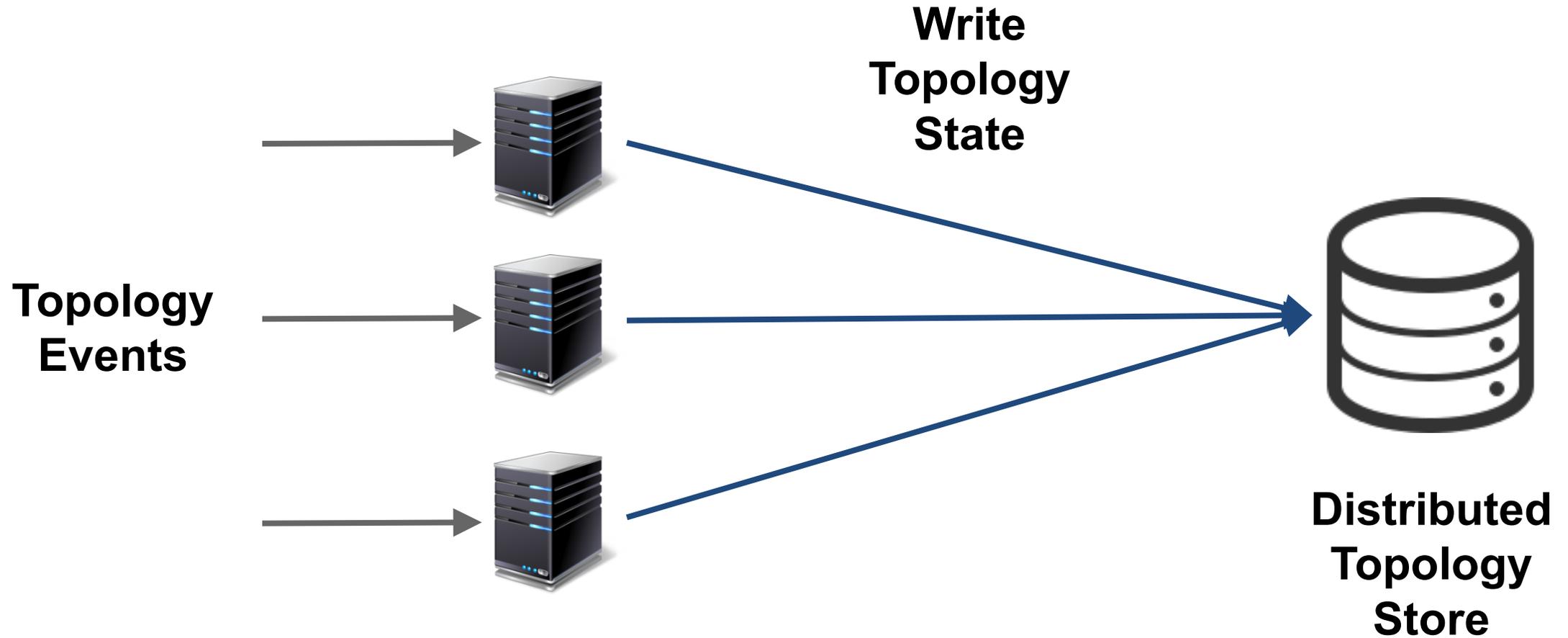
# Distributed Architecture (1/5)

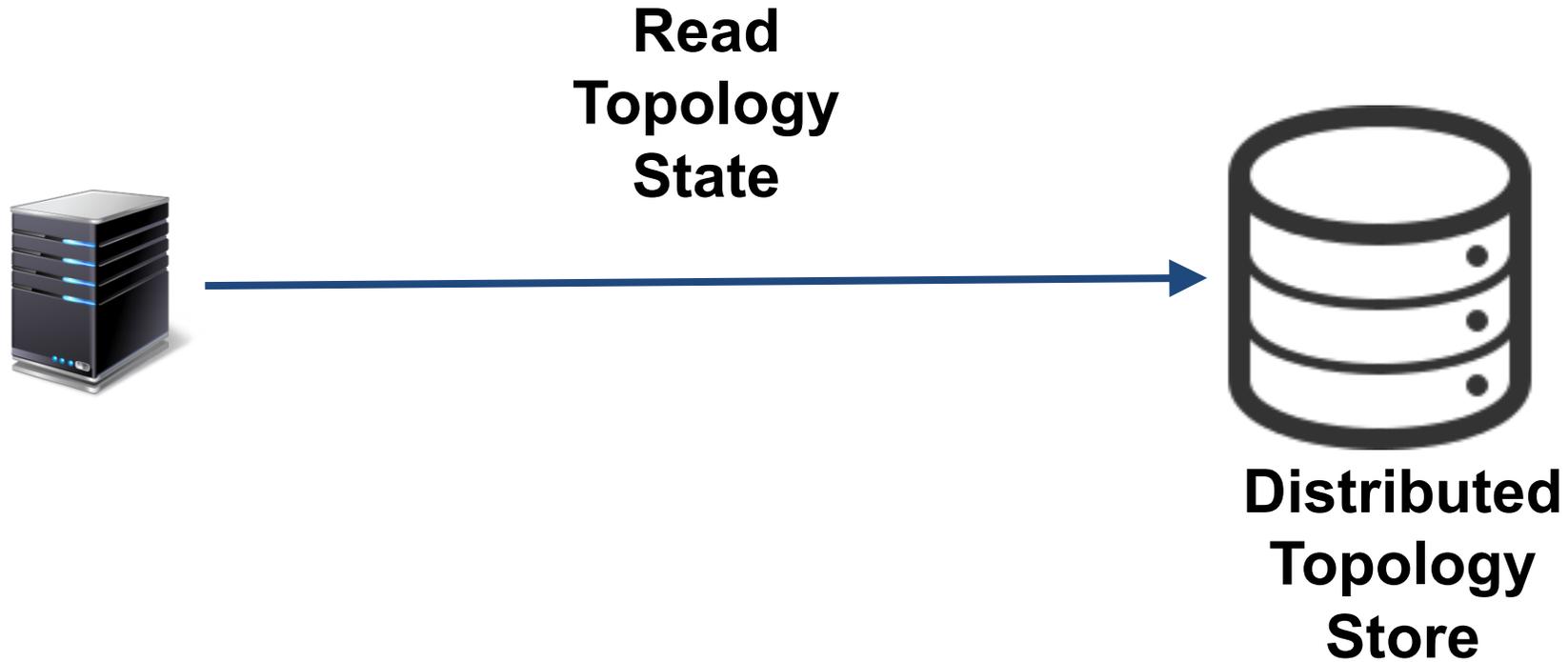


- Distributed
  - Setup as a cluster of instances
- Symmetric
  - Each instance runs identical software and configuration
- Fault-tolerant
  - Cluster remains operational in the face of node failures



# Distributed Architecture (2/8)

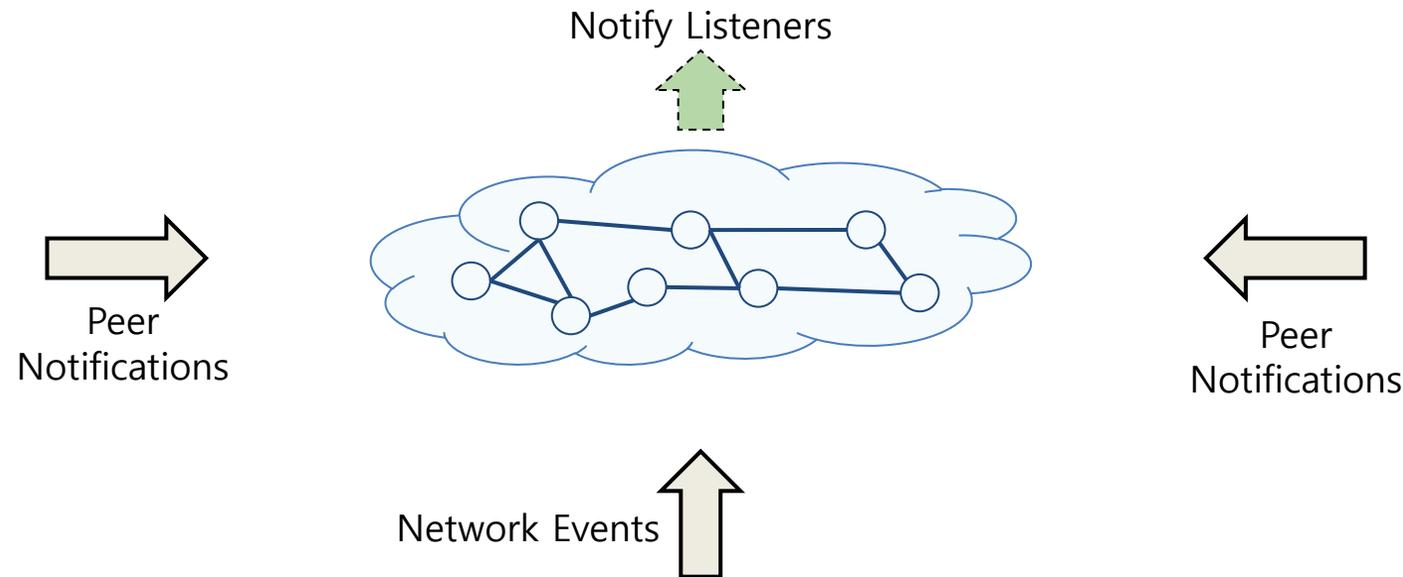




# Distributed Architecture (4/5)



- Eventually Consistent
  - Reads are monotonically consistent
- Low Overhead Reads and Writes
- Gossip based Anti-Entropy Protocol Fixes Divergent Copies
- Generalized as **EventuallyConsistentMap**<K, V>





- State Management in ONOS

- ONOS exposes a set of distributed primitives to cater different use cases
- Primitives span the consistency continuum

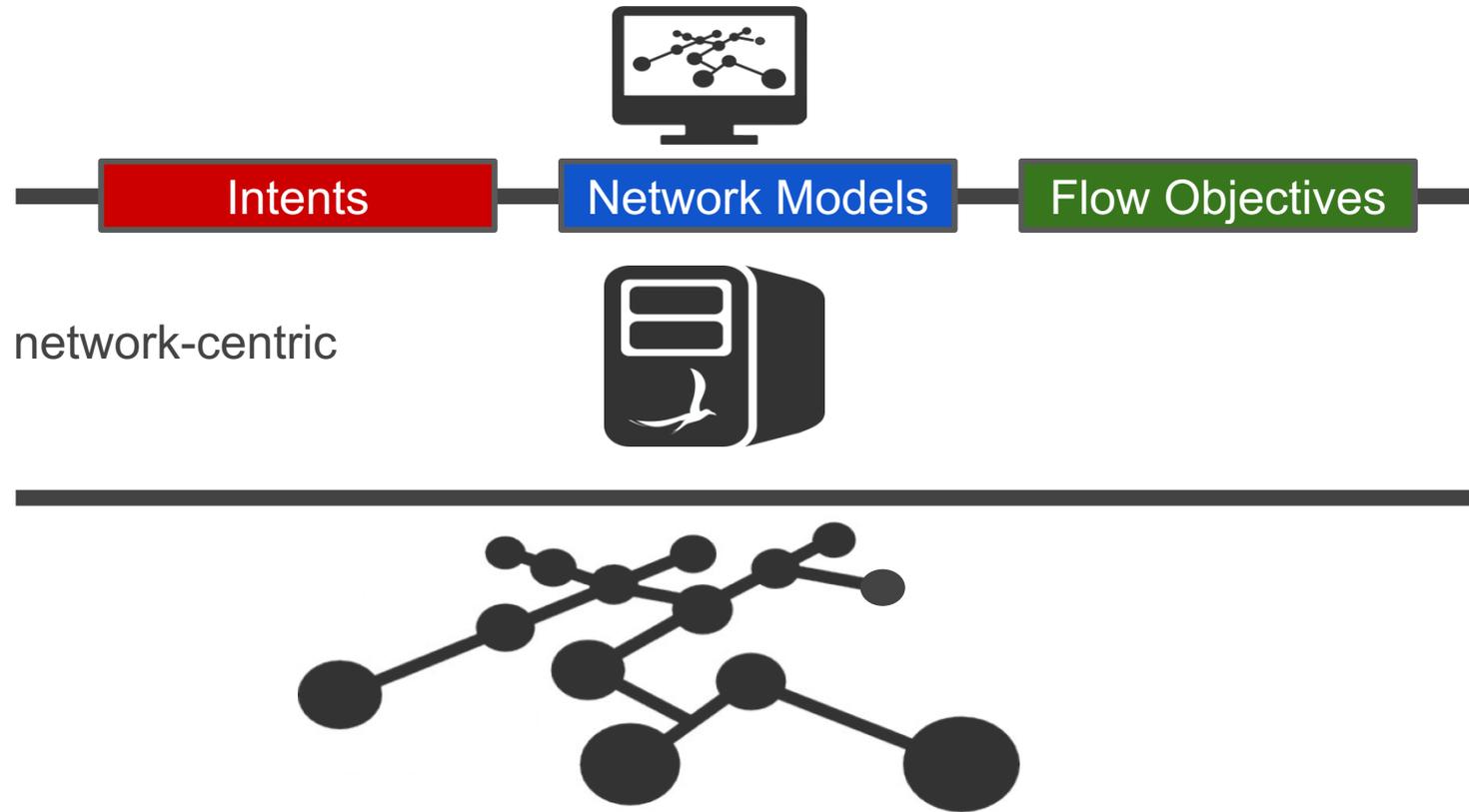
- Distributed Primitives

- `EventuallyConsistentMap<K, V>`
  - Map abstraction with eventual consistency guarantee
- `ConsistentMap<K, V>`
  - Map abstraction with strong linearizable consistency
- `DistributedQueue<E>`
  - Distributed FIFO queue with long poll support
- `AtomicCounter`
  - Distributed version of Java `AtomicLong`
- Etc.





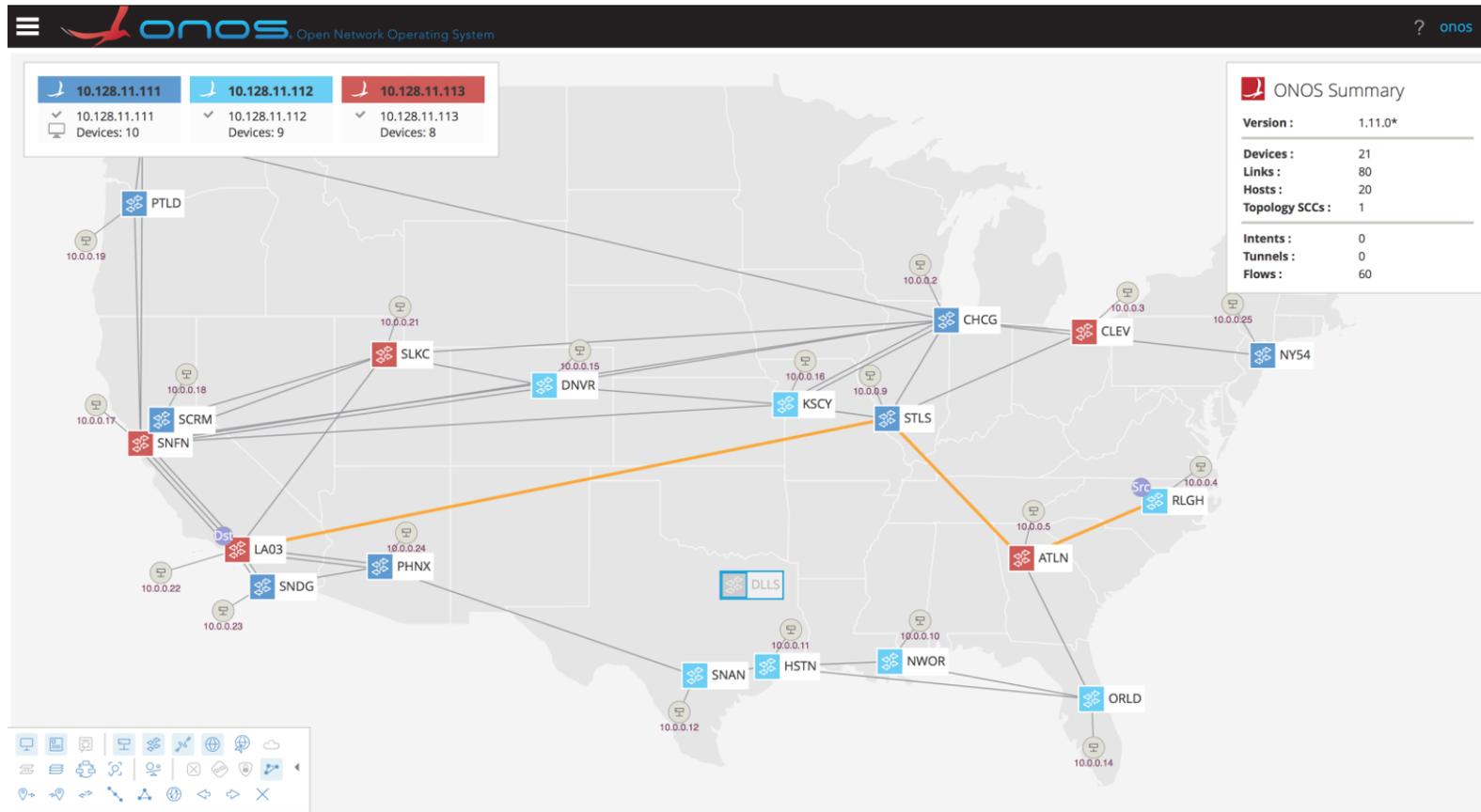
# Northbound



# Interact with GUI



- ONOS Web GUI (<http://<onos-ip>:8181/onos/ui>)
  - A single-page web application



ANGULARJS





# Interact with ONOS REST and gRPC



- REST API

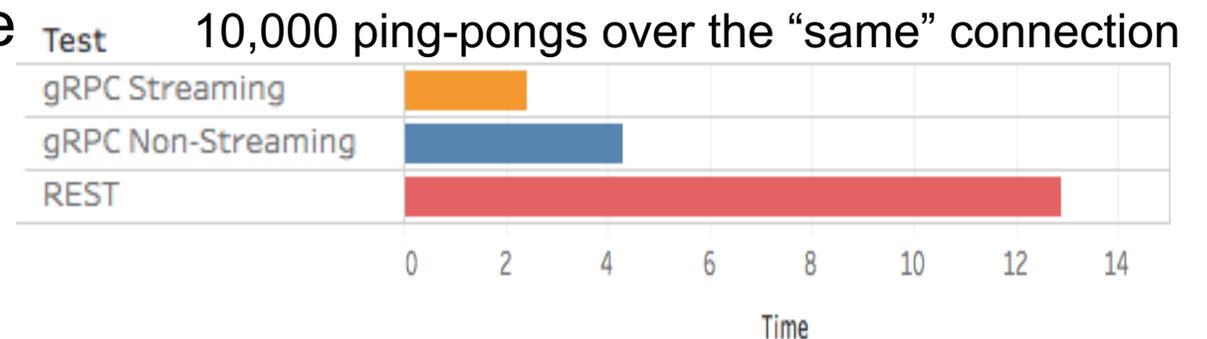
- Provides a way to interact with off-platform applications
- JSON, HTTP/1.1 based communication
- Swagger based REST documents

- gRPC

- Faster access than REST calls by using HTTP/2 connection multiplexing and bidirectional streaming
- Significantly reduced data size with binary formatted data using protobuf model
- Remote access to service interface similar to Java APIs

**flows : Query and program flow rules**

DELETE	/flows/application/{appld}
GET	/flows/application/{appld}
DELETE	/flows
GET	/flows
POST	/flows
DELETE	/flows/{deviceId}/{flowId}
GET	/flows/{deviceId}/{flowId}
GET	/flows/{deviceId}
POST	/flows/{deviceId}





- Network Graph
  - Directed, cyclic graph comprising of infrastructure devices, infrastructure links and end-station hosts
- Flow Objective
  - Device-centric abstraction for programming data-plane flows in table pipeline-independent manner
- Intent
  - Network-centric abstraction for programming data-plane in topology-independent manner



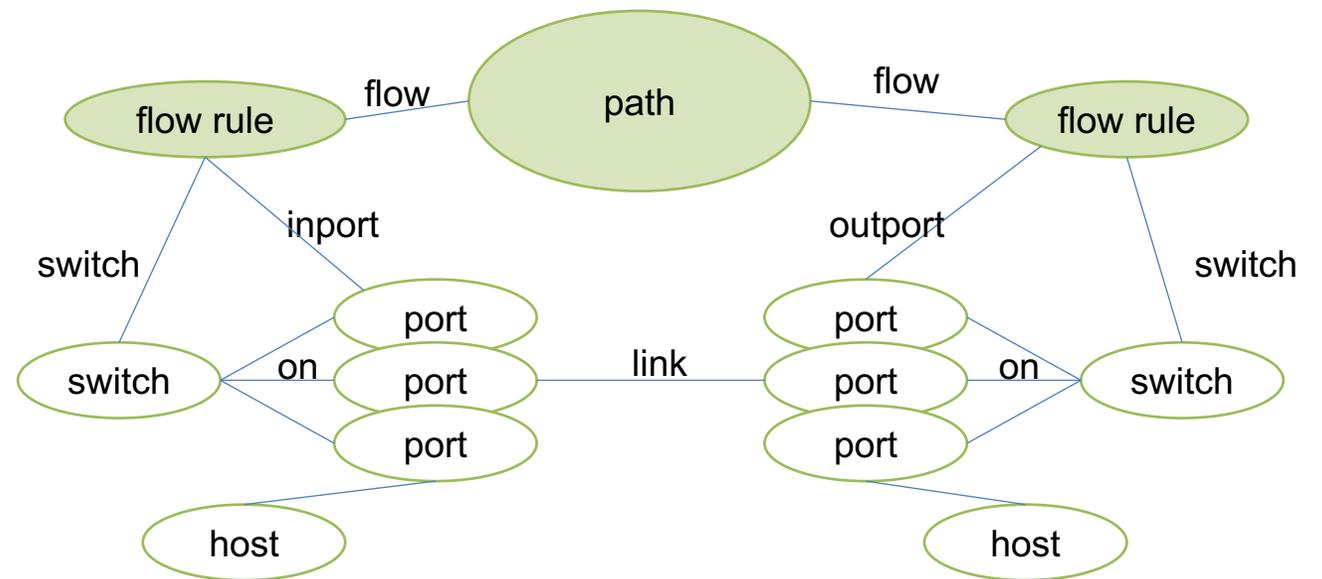
- Network Graph

- Directed, cyclic graph comprising of infrastructure devices, infrastructure links and end-station hosts
- Abstract the protocol-specific network element into protocol-agnostic network element (referred as **Model Objects**)

- Applications are only exposed to Model Objects

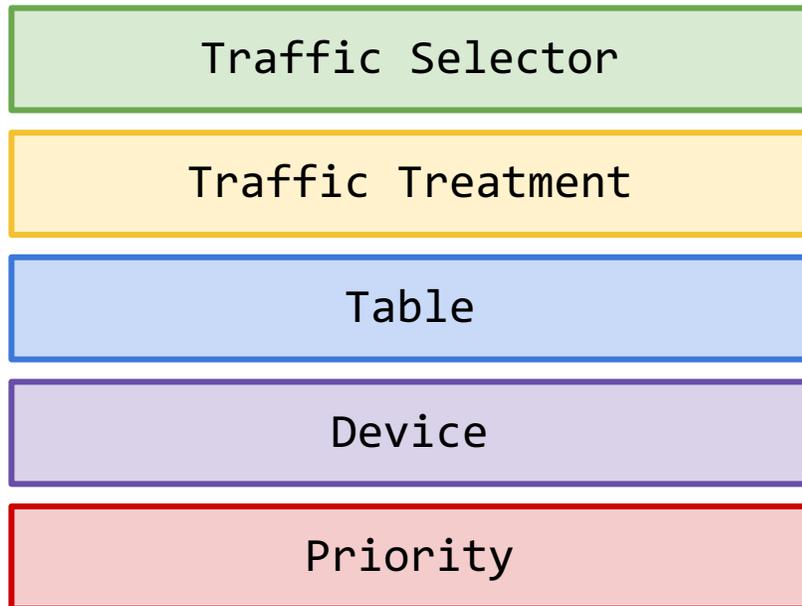
- Model Objects

- Topology
  - Device, port, hosts, link, etc.
- Control
  - Flow rule, role value, etc.
- Packets
  - Outbound/inbound packet

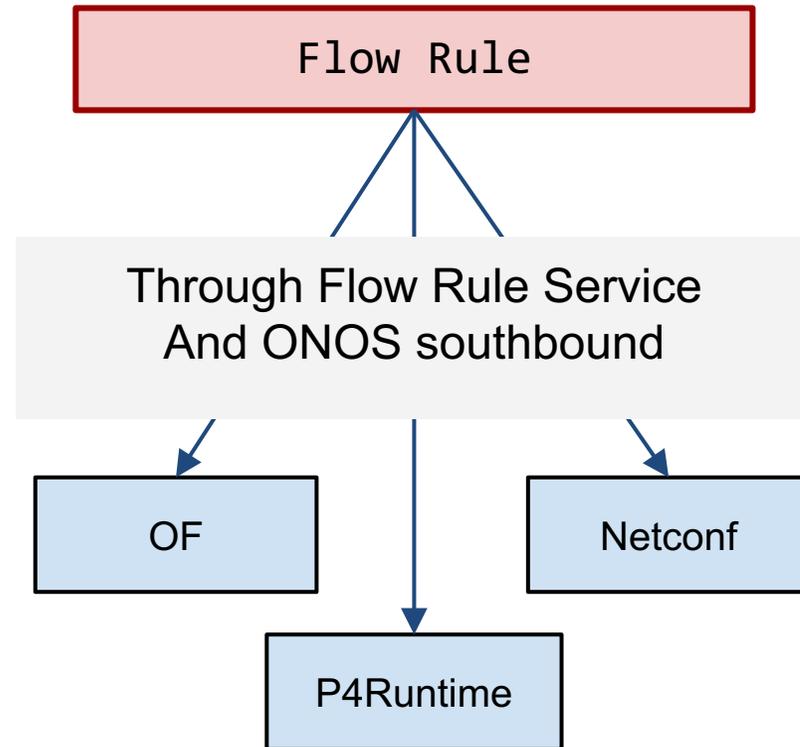




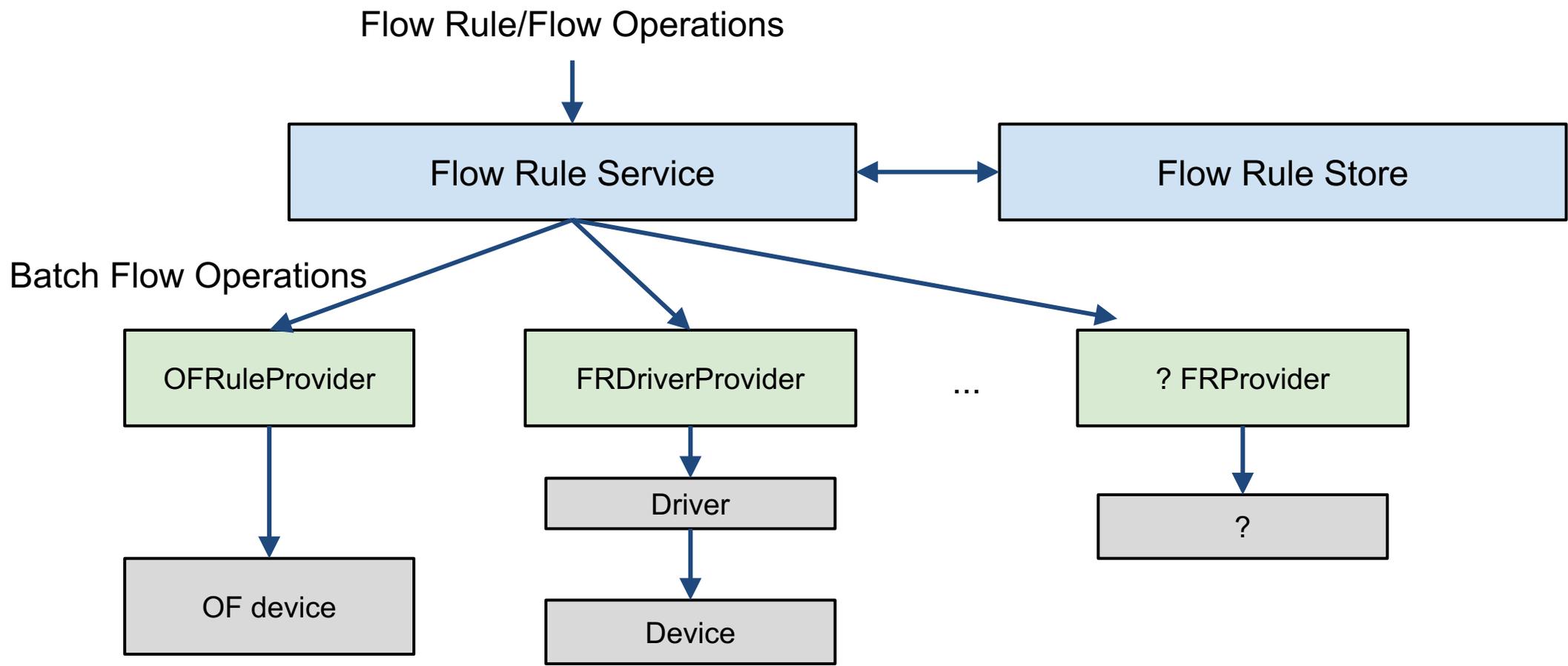
- Protocol Independent, Pipeline Specific



⋮



# Flow Rule Service Architecture

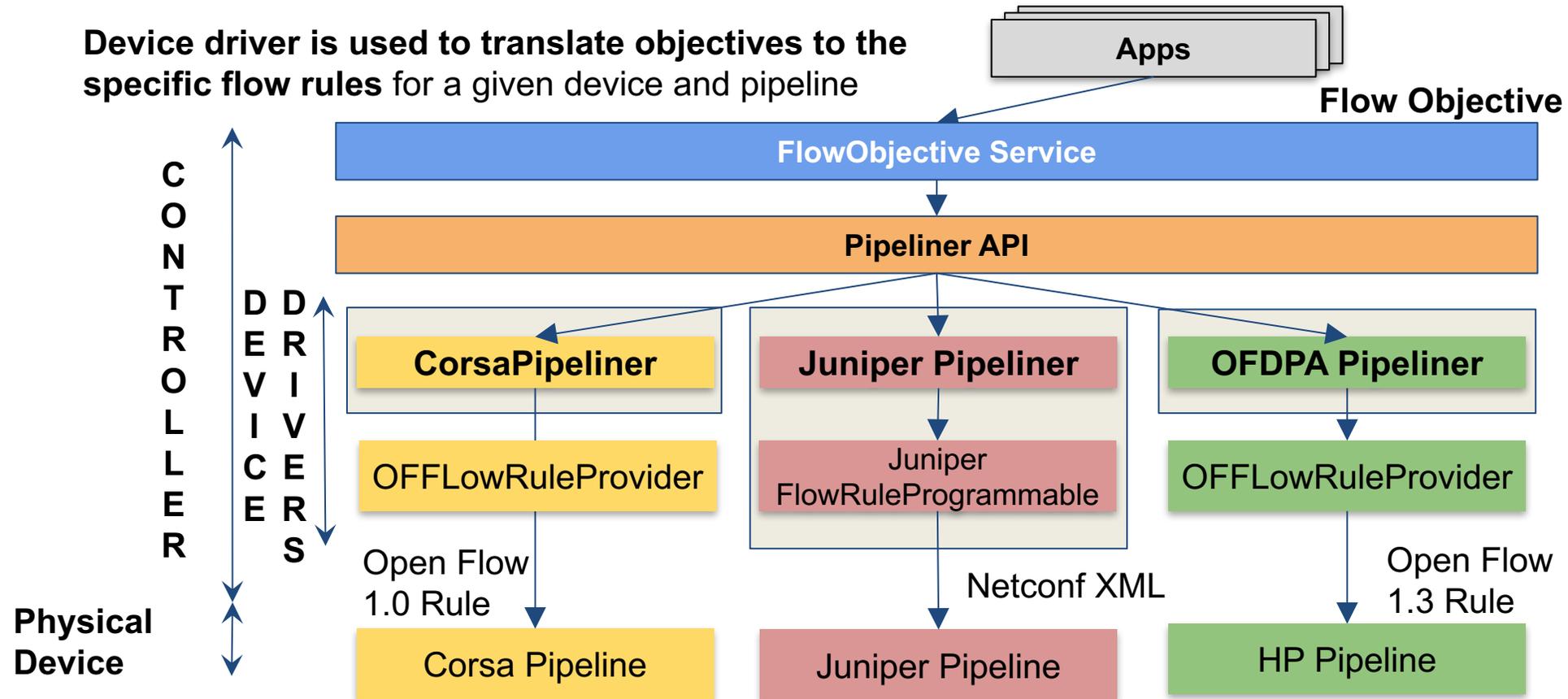


# Flow Objective Subsystems (1/5)



- Problem

- Applications must be pipeline aware, make them applicable to specific HW



# Flow Objective Subsystems (2/5)

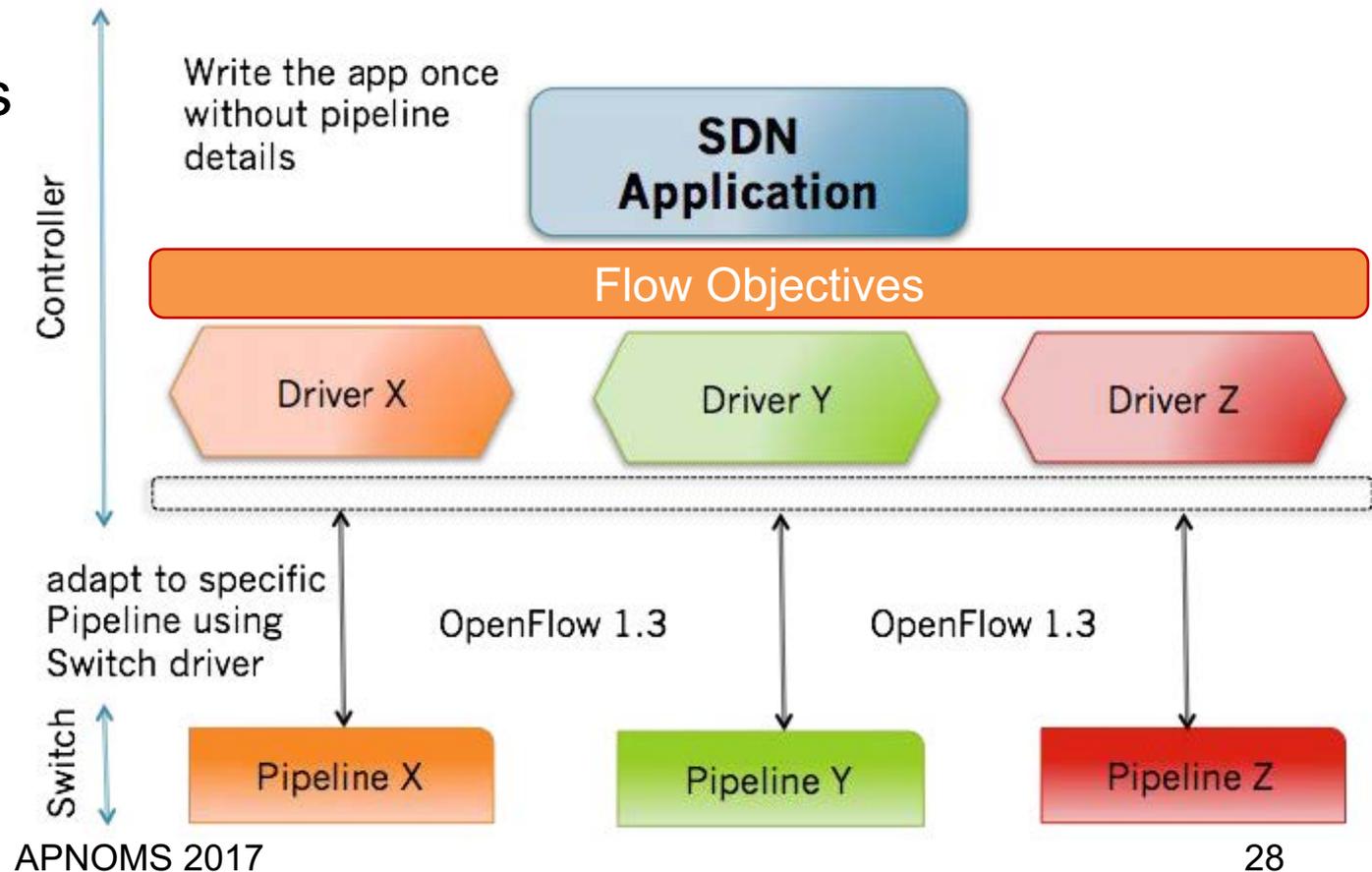


- Flow Objective

- Flow Objectives enable developers to write applications once for all pipelines
- Flow Objectives describe a SDN application's objective behind a flow it is sending to a device

- Three Types of Flow Objectives

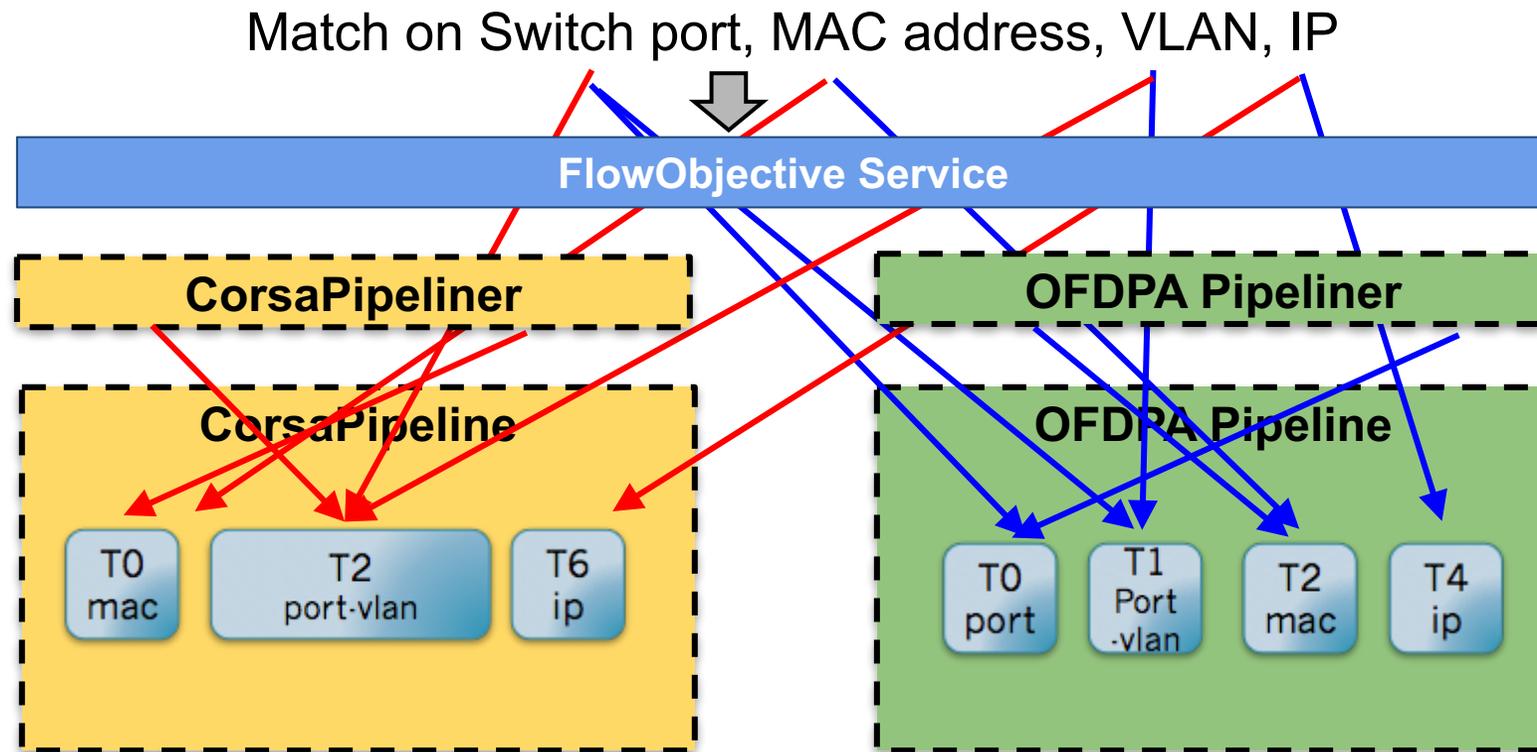
- Filtering objective
- Forwarding objective
- Next objective



# Flow Objective Subsystems (3/5)



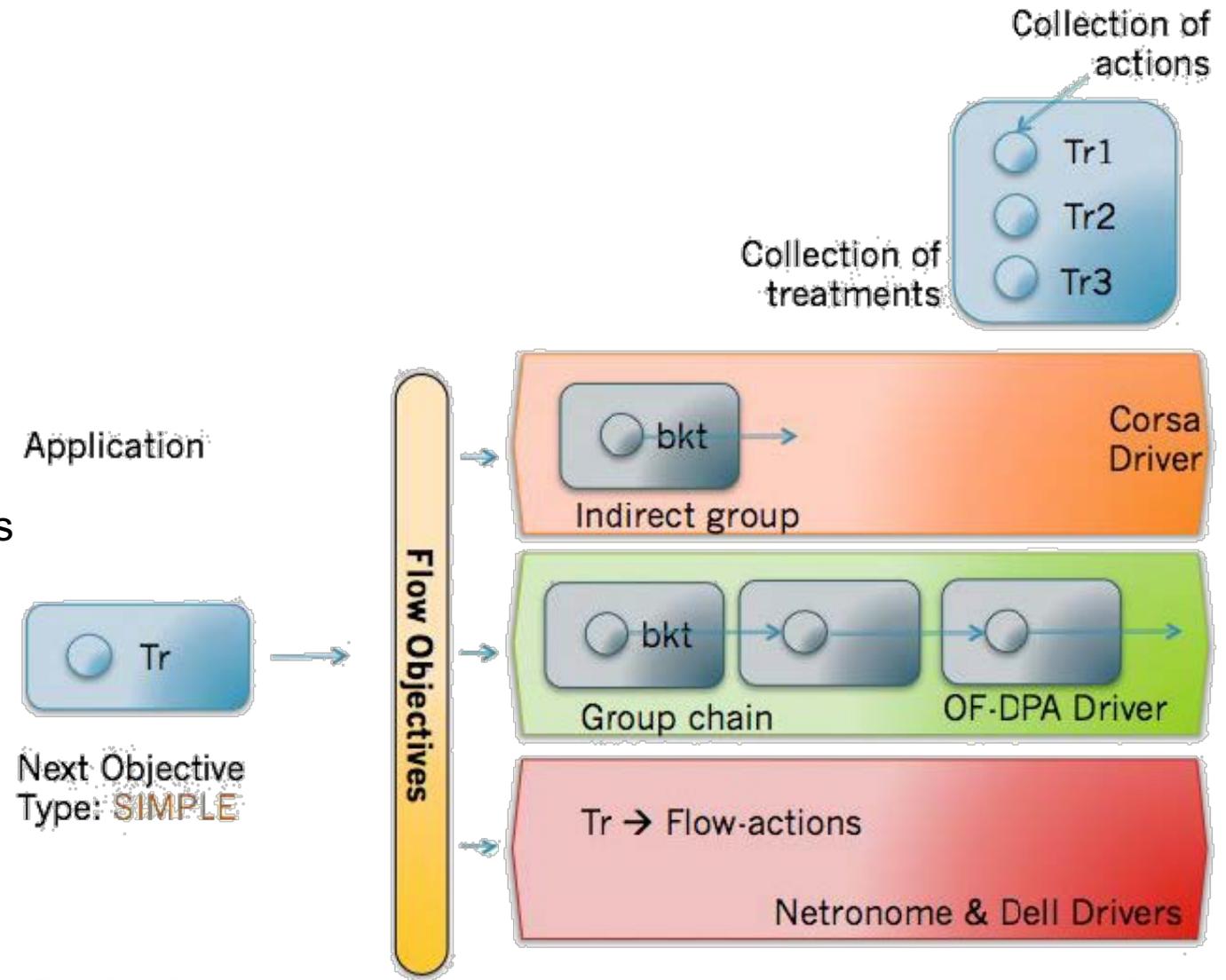
- Filtering Objective
  - Only provides either **Permit** or **Deny** operations
  - On criteria (match fields in OpenFlow)



# Flow Objective Subsystems (4/5)



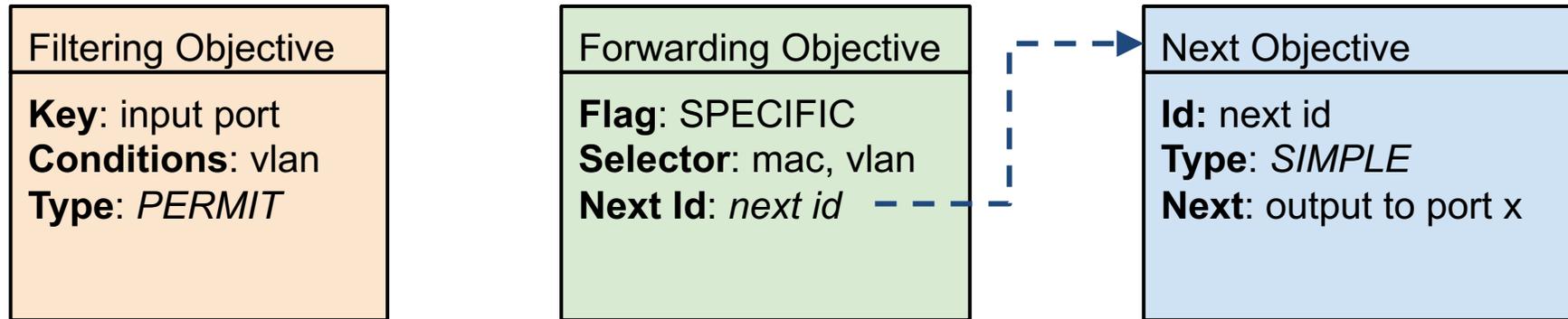
- Next Objective
  - Next → next hop for forwarding
  - Keyed by a NextId used in Forwarding Objectives
- Forwarding Objective
  - Forwarding types
    - Specific
      - MAC, IP, MPLS forwarding tables
    - Versatile
      - ACL table



# Flow Objective Subsystems (5/5)

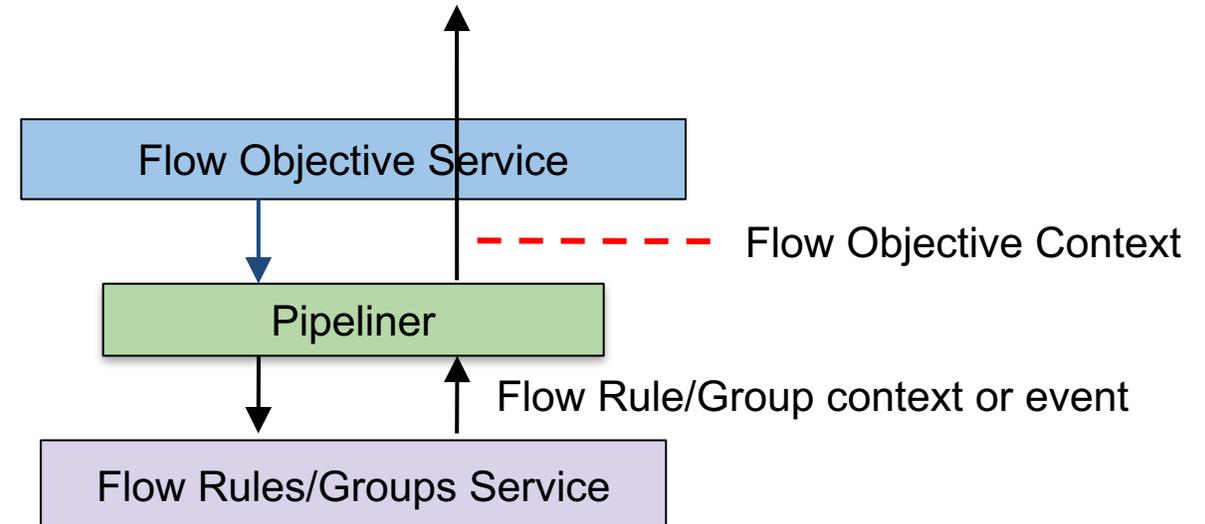


- OF-DPA Pipeliner, L2 unicast



- After...

- Generates specific **Flow Rules** and **Groups** and installed by *FlowRuleService* or *GroupService*
- Reports the status by using Flow Objective Context

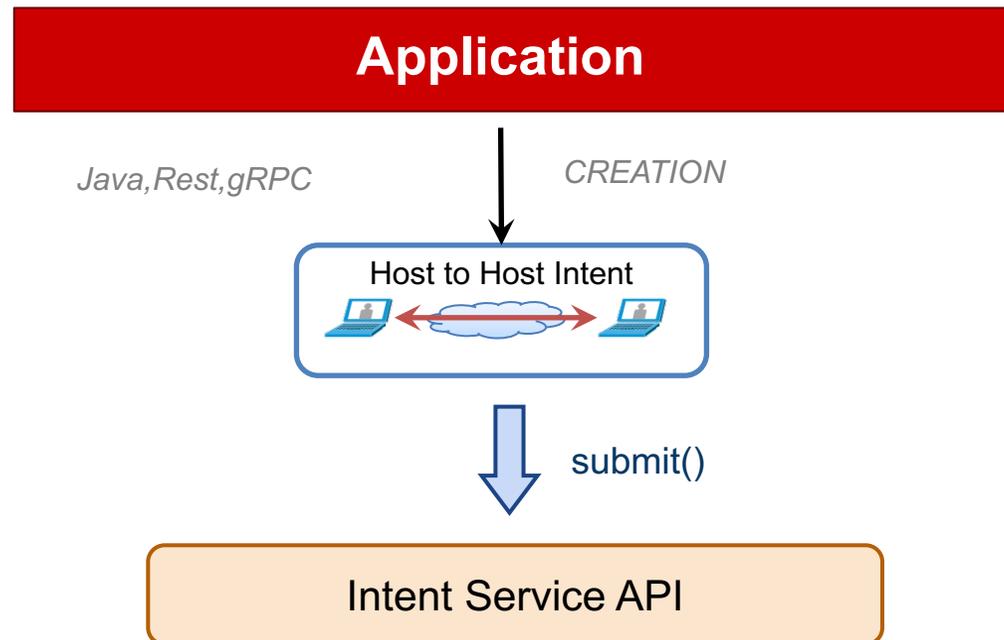


# Intent Framework (1/2)



- Intent Framework

- Provides high-level, network-centric interface that focuses on **what** should be done rather than **how** it is specifically programmed
- Abstracts unnecessary network complexity from applications
- Maintains Requested semantics as network changes

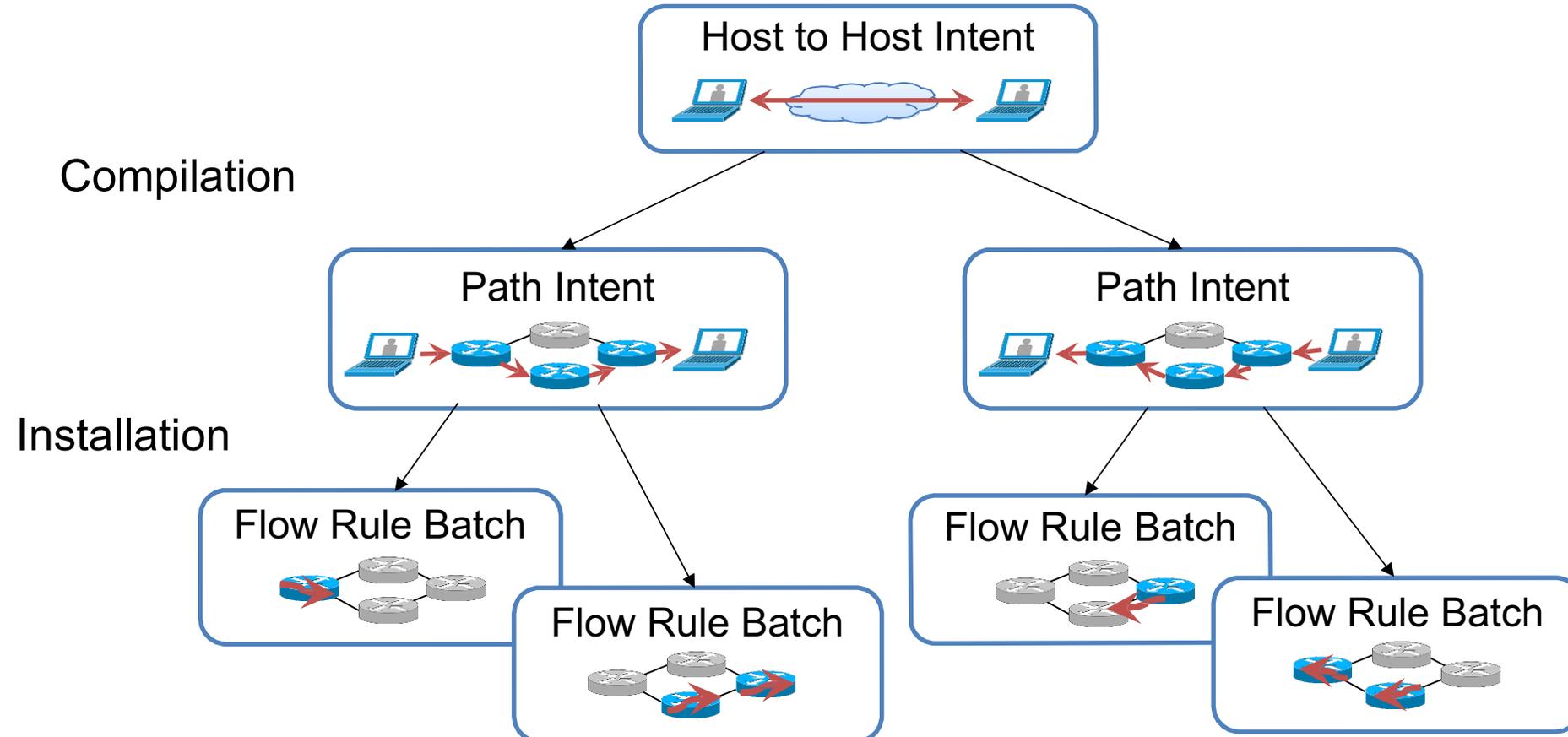


# Intent Framework (2/2)



- **Compiler & Installer**

- Compiler: produce more specific Intents given the environment
- Installer: transform Intents into device commands



# Network Programming



Abstract  
to  
concrete



Intent

DC Clos  
Fabric

Packet/Optical WAN

Enterprise  
Campus

Flow Objective

OFDPA  
Pipeline

Single Table  
Pipeline

SpringOpen  
Pipeline

Flow Rule

OF 1.0

OF 1.3

Netconf

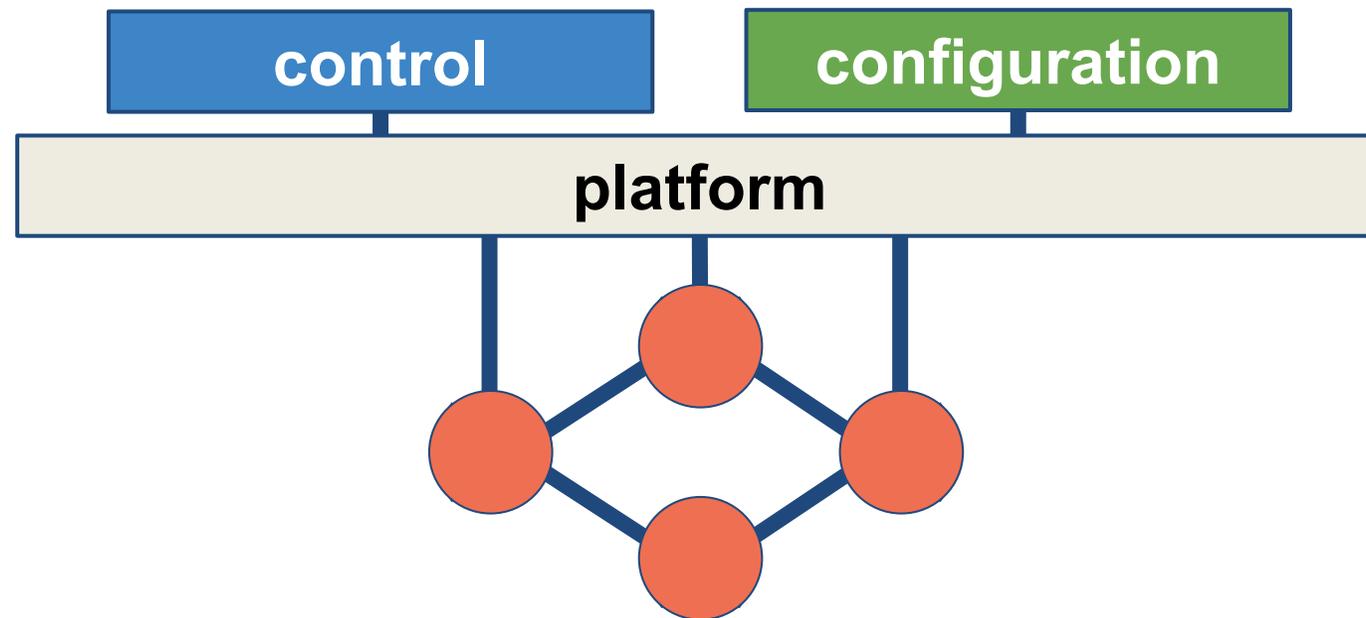
TL1



- Network Configuration (netcfg)
  - Provides mechanism for any service to register and receive configuration
- Device Configuration
  - Behaviors abstract the management and configuration aspects of a device
- Dynamic Configuration
  - Enable YANG-based service models to be introduced at runtime
  - Allow applications to implement dynamic services



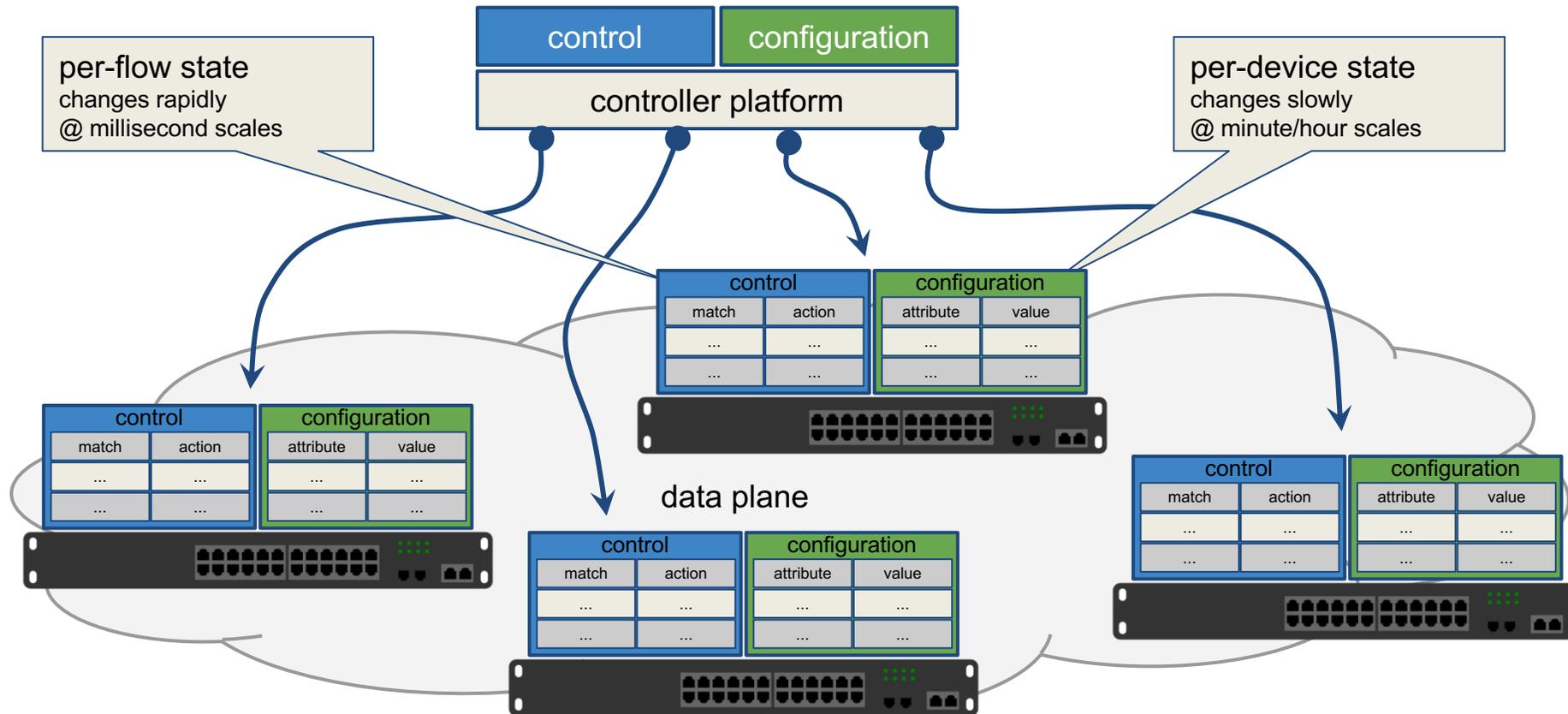
# Dynamic Configuration



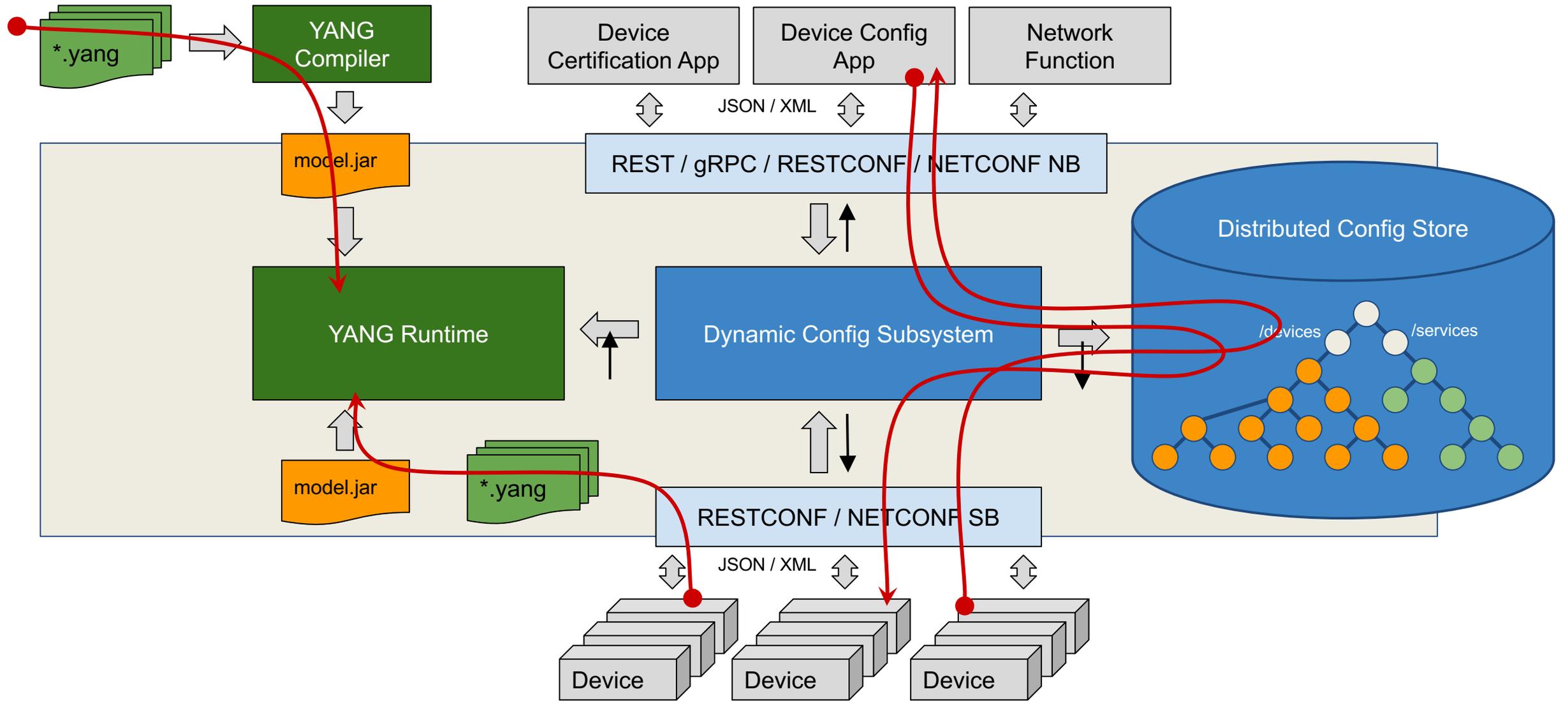
# Control and Configuration



- Operators need a resilient and scalable platform capable of both control and configuration



# Dynamic Configuration

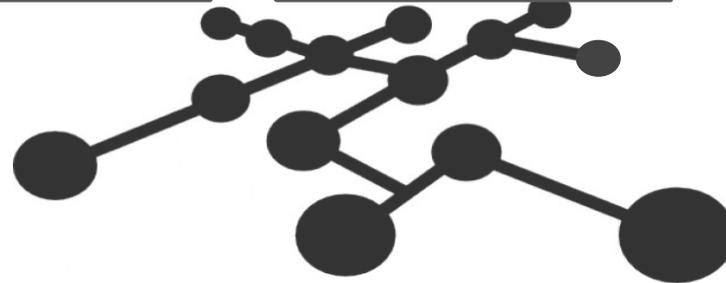
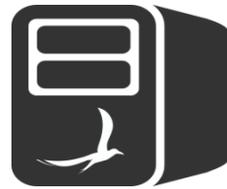




# Southbound



network-centric



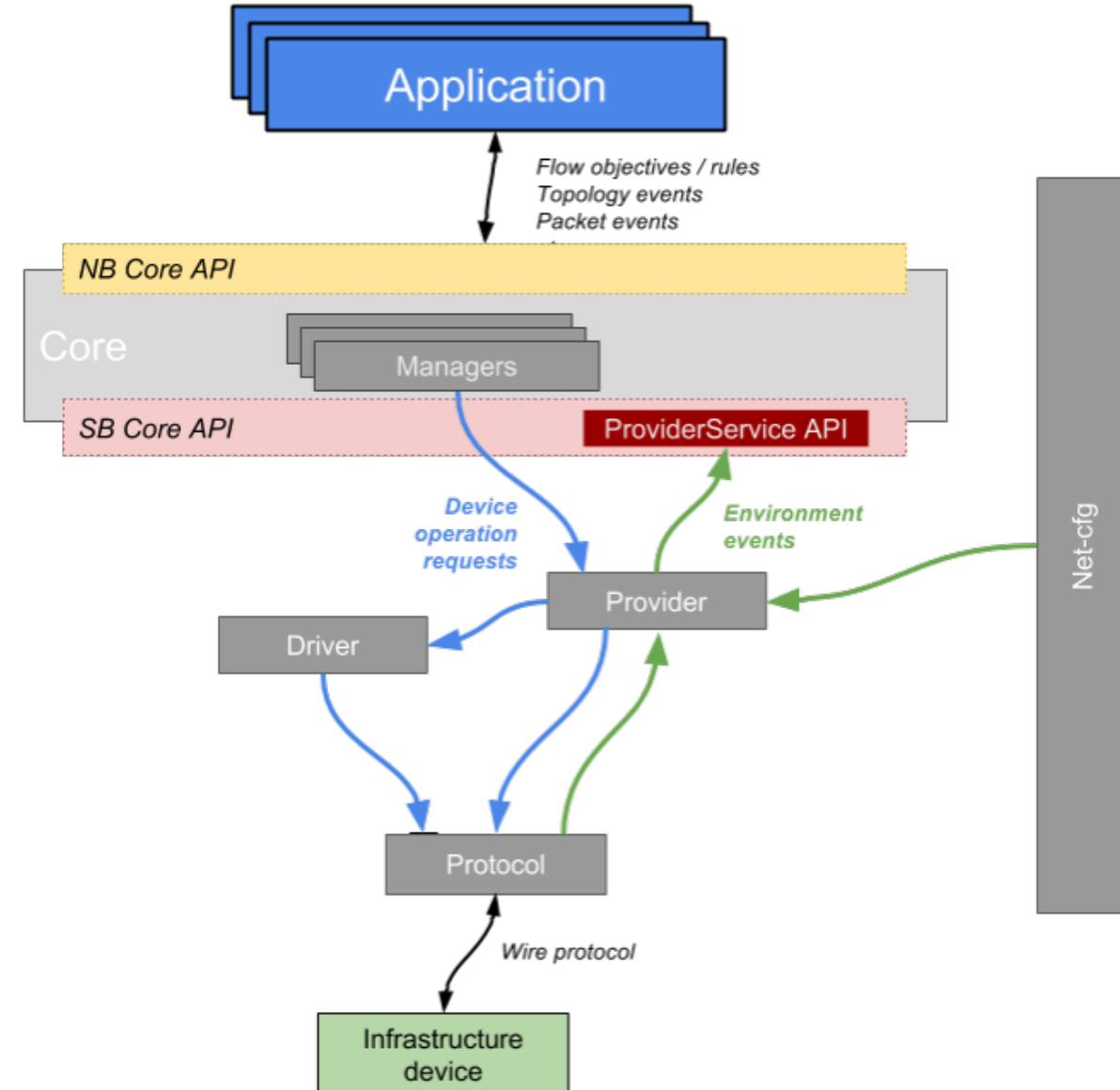


- Southbound Protocols in 1.11.0
  - OpenFlow 1.3 + optical extension → 1.5 is work-in-progress
  - OVSDB
  - NETCONF + YANG → Yang tools and Yang management system (IETF)
  - SNMP → Simple Network Management Protocol (IETF)
  - P4 → thrift API for BMv2 softswitch
  - BGP, ISIS, OSPF → interoperability with legacy network
  - PCEP → Path Computation Element Protocol (IETF)
  - REST and RESTCONF
  - LISP → Locator/Identifier Separation Protocol (IETF)
  - TL1
  - gRPC

# Southbound Overview (2/2)



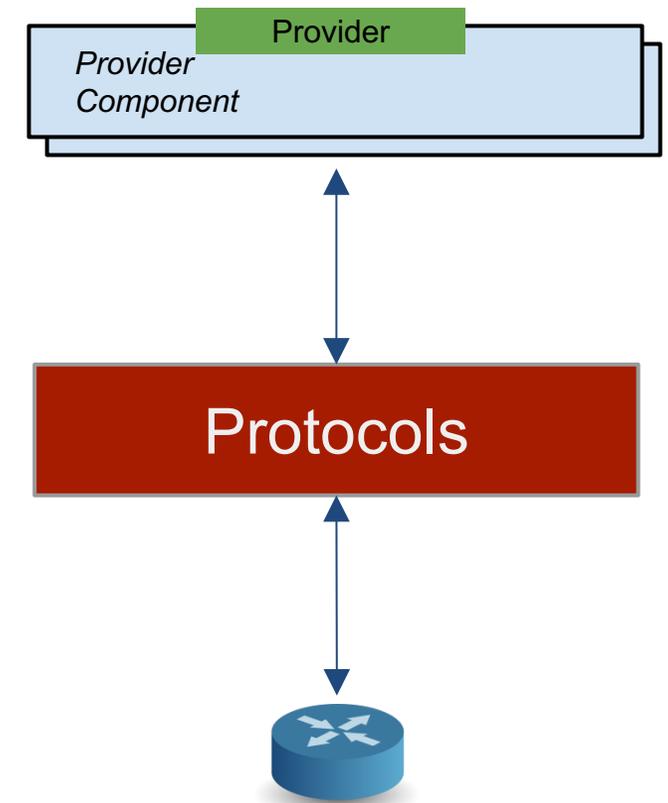
- SBI Interactions
  - ONOS interacts with the underlying network with the help of its providers
  - Providers
    - Hide complexity from upper layers
  - Protocols
    - Features and modules to communicate with devices
  - Drivers
    - Define specific capabilities offered by the device



# Southbound Protocols

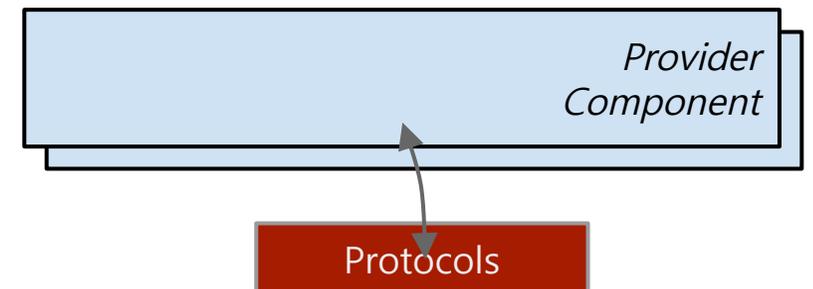


- Features and modules to communicate with devices
- Expose the Standard set of APIs and Enabled Operations
  - OpenFlow
    - FlowMods, GroupMods
  - REST
    - Implements CURD operations
  - NETCONF
    - Open/close session, setConfiguration, getConfiguration
- Usually leverage 3<sup>rd</sup> party communication libraries
  - Openflowj, snmp4j, thrift, gRPC, netty, etc.





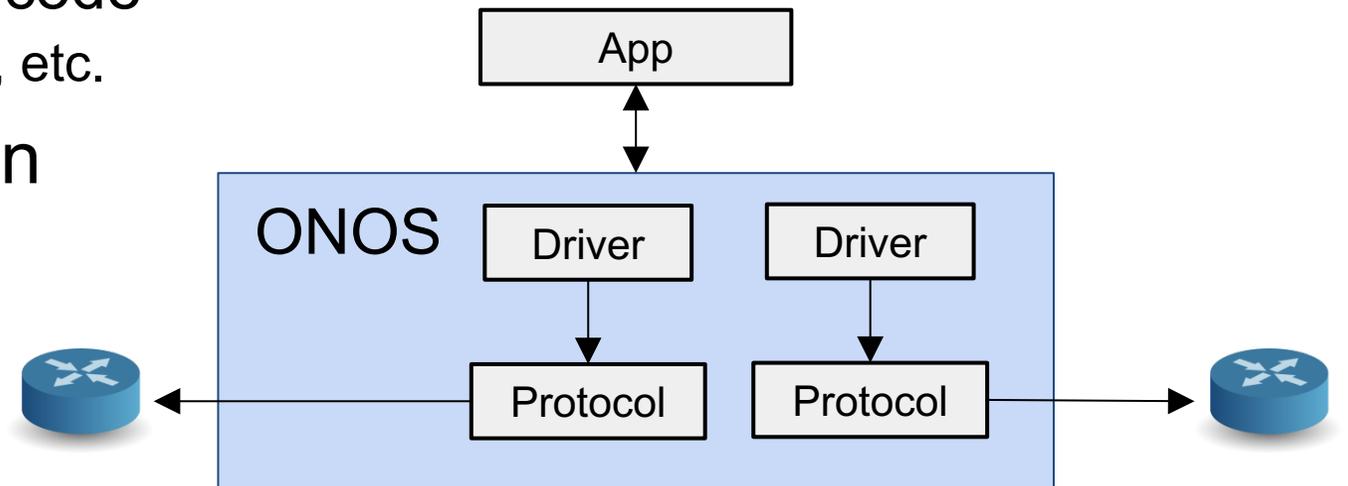
- Role of Providers
  - Translate to and from core abstractions into device specific commands
  - Providers are Used by the Core to (re)act on the Network
    - Up/down of device, links
    - Provisioning of rules, paths, tunnels
    - Receive notifications
  - Correct provider is chosen by the manager via deviceId
    - NETCONF → netconf:127.0.0.1:830
    - OpenFlow → of:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:01
    - LISP → lisp:192.168.1.1





- Device Specific Driver
  - Collection of behaviors
  - On-demand activation
- Abstraction via Behaviors
  - Define specific capabilities offered by the device
  - Encapsulate specific logic and code
    - Port, controller, FlowRule, power, etc.
- Encapsulate Single Interaction
  - Protocol
  - Information

```
<driver name="default" manufacturer="ON.Lab"  
      hwVersion="0.0.1" swVersion="0.0.1">  
  <behaviour api=Tracking  
            impl=TrackingImpl />  
</driver>
```

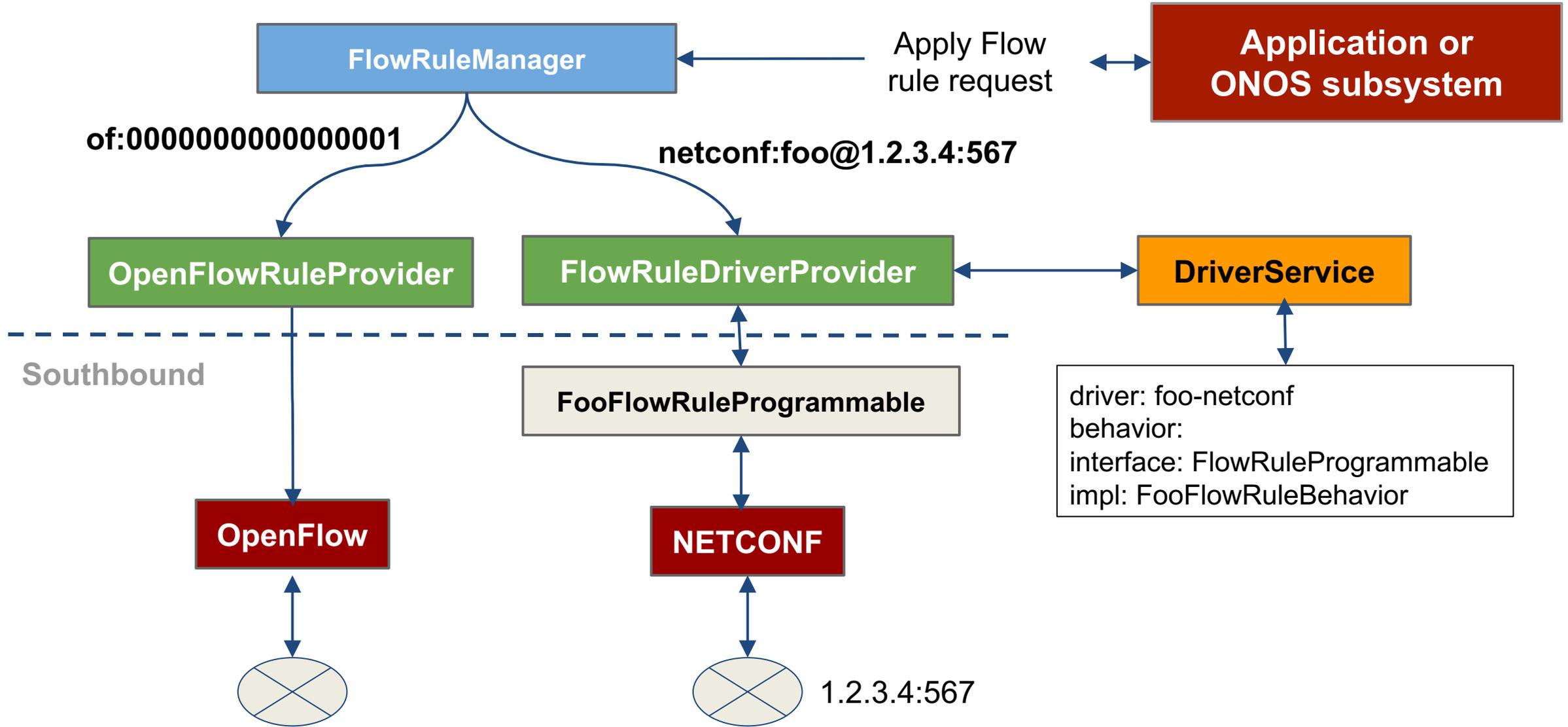




- APIs
  - DeviceDescriptionDiscovery → device description and ports
  - FlowRuleProgrammable → translates to and from ONOS core FR abstraction
  - PacketProgrammable → emit a given packet from a device
  - GroupProgrammable → translates to and from ONOS Groups
  - PortStatisticsDiscovery → statistics of Device Ports
  - Pipeliner → Pipeline abstraction, FlowObjectives to pipeline specific FR
- Recently Introduced
  - DeviceHandshaker → device handshake for GeneralDeviceProvider
  - PipelineProgrammable → installs a Programmable Pipeline on the Device

```
<behaviour api=InterfacePath  
           impl=ImplementationPath />
```

# Example: FlowRuleProgrammable

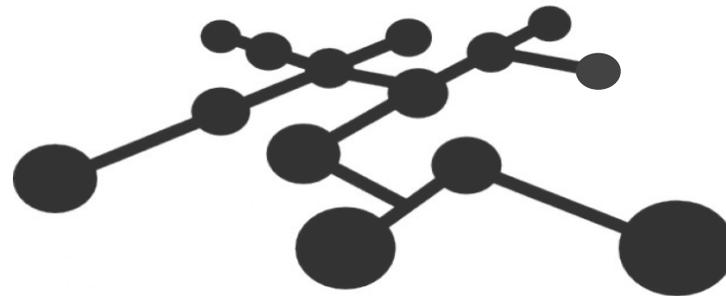
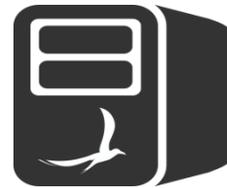




# Applications



network-centric



# Application Overview (1/2)

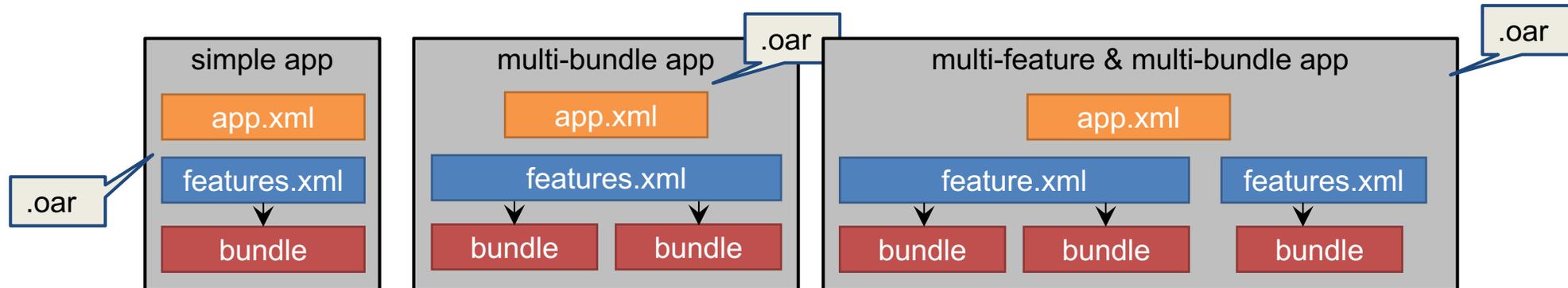


- Overview

- Interact with the northbound Java, REST, gRPC interface
- Device and protocol agnostic
- Augment ONOS through modularity
- Provide GUI, REST, CLI and distributed stores

- Application Package

- Applications can be packaged into a single .oar (ONOS Application Archive)
  - .oar file is a JAR file contains all artifacts
    - E.g., `app.xml`, `features.xml` and a set of (OSGi) bundles





- Application Types

- Application as a mere Component

- Offers no API, self-contained

- Application with Service Interface

- Offers API for other applications (e.g., CLI, REST API, web GUI)

- Application may have its own state

- Delegates responsibility for tracking state



- Example Applications

- SDN-IP peering

- Multi-level provisioning

- Virtual Tenant Network (VTN)

- Proxy ARP

- Reactive forwarding



**RESTful**



- 4 Steps of Creating an ONOS Application
  - Create minimal app project via `onos-create-app` tool
    - Internally use maven archetype to generate a template maven project

```
$ onos-create-app app org.oneping oneping 1.0-SNAPSHOT
```

- Import into IDE and edit our app pom.xml file
- Code your application
- Build the app via maven and deploy it via `onos-app` tool

```
$ mvn clean install
```

```
$ onos-app ONOS_IP_ADDRESS install! target/oneping*.oar
```



OpenStack Integration

Segment Routing

SDN-IP

\*CORD

DHCP Server

Control Plane Manager

Load Balancer

Virtual Tenant Networks

ProxyARP

Distributed DPI

Service Function Chaining

Virtual Private LAN

Fault Management



TL1

OSPF

IS-IS

REST

SNMP

PCEP

LISP

BGP

P4

OVSDDB

NETCONF

OpenFlow

# ONOS Release History



## Q4/14 **A**vocet

Base Architecture



## Q4/15 **E**mu

OPNFV  
SONA  
AARNET  
KREONET-S



## Q4/16 **I**bis

BUCK Build Tool  
Trellis Fabric enhancement  
LISP SBI support, REST  
Client, FatTree simulator



## Q1/15 **B**lackbird

Performance



## Q1/16 **F**alcon

ONS Use Cases  
{A, E, M} CORD  
Disaggregated ROADM  
Global R&E Deployment



## Q1/17 **J**unco

TL1 SBI support  
Virtualization support  
Regionalization support  
Dynamic conf. enhancement



## Q2/15 **C**ardinal

ONS Use Cases  
SDN-IP  
Packet Optical  
R-CORD



## Q2/16 **G**oldeneye

CPMan Apps  
Intents using Flow Objectives  
P4 DEMO support  
YANG tool chain



## Q2/17 **K**ingfisher

YANG Tools 2.0  
OpenFlow 1.4 support  
Intent F/W improment  
vRouter, OpenROADM support



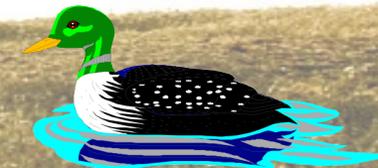
## Q3/15 **D**rake

ONF ATRIUM  
Secure Mode ONOS  
VxLAN  
Device Configuration



## Q3/16 **H**ummingbird

RabbitMQ, Kafka Message buses  
YANG NBI, SBI CODECs  
ACTN Traffic Engineering  
Distributed system primitives  
SB - OSPF, ISIS



## Q3/17 **L**oon

Coming soon...



## Loon

### Core

- Atomix improvements*
- Flow Rule store refactor*

### Dynamic Configuration

- OpenConfig models*
- Live YANG compiler*
- RESTCONF NB*

- Config Synchronizer design*

### ISSU

- Portable Kryo serialization*
- Upgrade Coordinator design*

### P4

- PI Framework*
- P4Runtime*
- BMv2 driver*

### gRPC

### Virtualization

### GUI

- Build & test enhancements*
- Initial localization*

### QA

- Business performance paper*

## Magpie

### Dynamic Configuration

- Config tree per device via RESTCONF*
- Configuration Synchronizer*
- Dynamic Store transactions design*
- YANG 1.1 (partial support)*
- Documentation*

### ISSU

- Upgrade Coordinator*
- Core Stores upgradability*

### Core

- Migrate distributed primitives to Atomix*
- Dynamic scaling and repartitioning*

### P4

- P4Runtime enhancements*
- Groups*
- Device mastership*
- gNMI*

### gRPC

- External app demonstration*
- Core services*

### GUI

- Topo2 overlay migration*
- Remaining localization*

### QA

- Document tree primitive tests*
- Test framework for ISSU*
- Technical Performance White Paper*

### Build & Infrastructure

- STC validation*
- Bazel investigation*
- Code disaggregation*

### Incubation

### P4

- VNF offloading to HW (BNG)*
- INT (in-band telemetry)*
- P4 Fabric*
- Dynamic program loading*

### Virtualization

- External connectivity*
- OF Agent*
- OpenStack integration*

## N

### Dynamic Configuration

- Sharding & optimizations*

### ISSU

- App Stores upgradability*
- Compatibility check tooling*

### P4

- gNMI enhancements*
- INT*
- P4 Fabric*
- Dynamic program loading*

### gRPC

- Select app services*
- Explore automated generation*

### GUI

- Search & filtering*
- Additional views*
- Accessibility*

### Virtualization

- Snapshotting & embedding*
- Additional SB*
- Resiliency*

### QA



# ONOS Community

# ONOS Partners



Leading service providers make ONOS & SDN/NFV solutions relevant to them

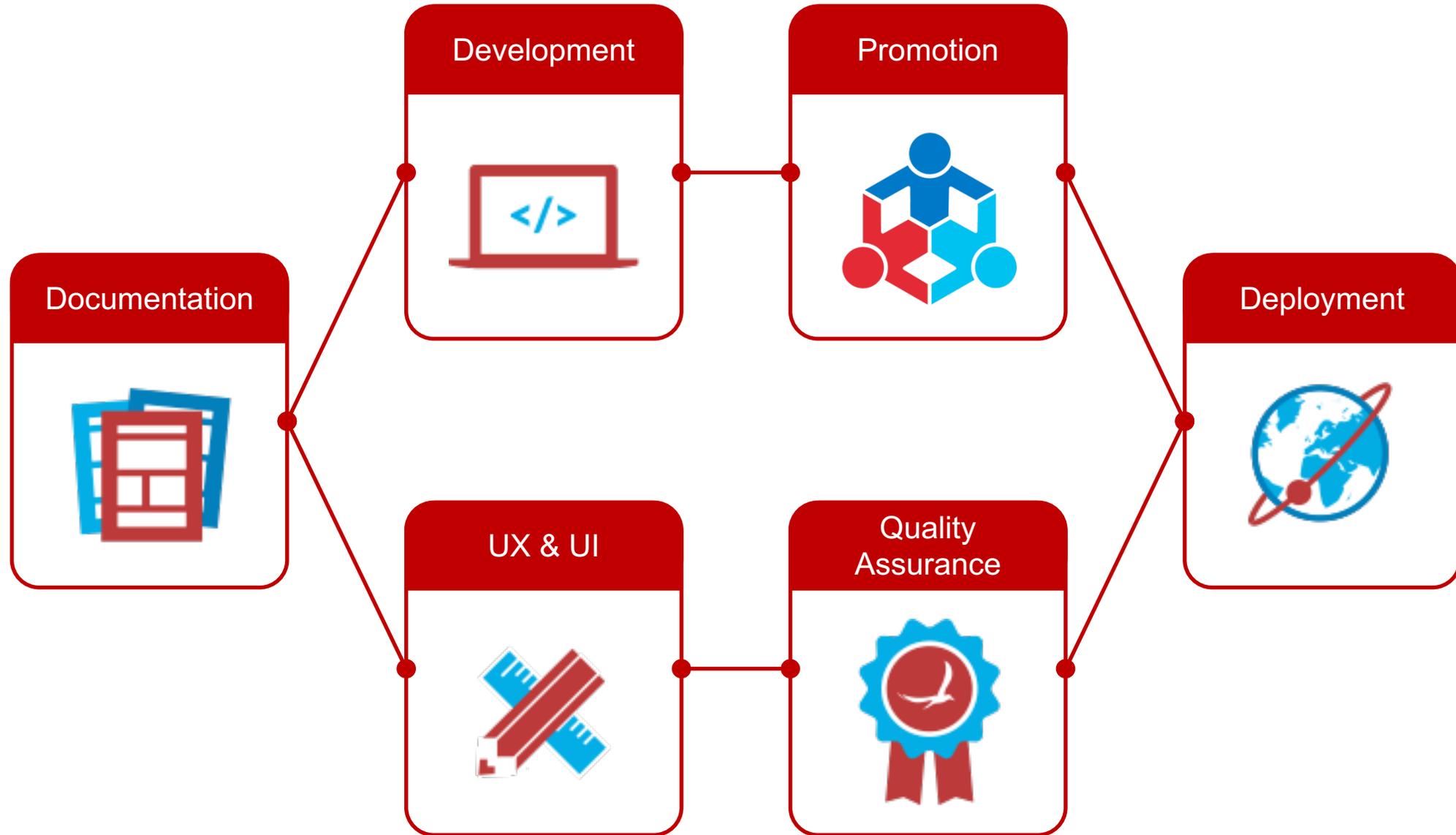
Leading vendors help make ONOS and SDN/NFV solutions real & ready for deployment

# ONOS Collaborators



Collaborating organizations help grow the community and grow the impact  
20 new collaborators so far in 2016 and more are joining every month

# Contribution Opportunities





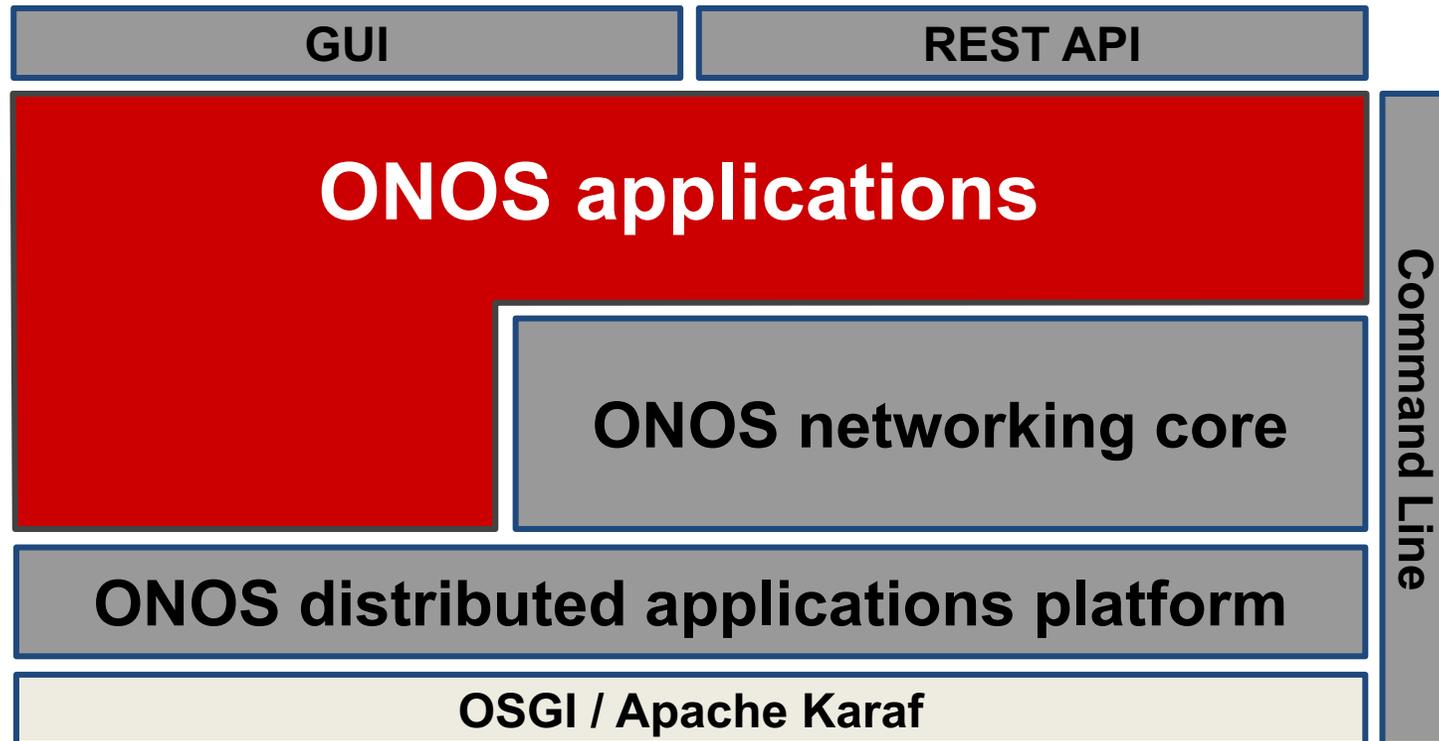
- Scratching Your Own Itch
  - For small fixes
    - submit a patch
  - For larger fixes or for new features
    - submit a proposal to the Technical Steering Team (TST)
    - submit a set of patches
- Helping Core Team with Roadmap
  - Get familiar with our processes by working on a starter bug
  - Start attending sprint planning and sprint DEMO meetings



# Development Contribution (2/5)



- Building Apps on top of ONOS
  - ONOS is an application platform that allows developers to dynamically extend the base capabilities



# Development Contribution (3/5)



## • Issue Tracking

- <https://jira.onosproject.org>
- Issue types
  - Epic, Story, Bug
- Priority
  - Blocker, critical, minor

## • Code Submission and Review

- <https://gerrit.onosproject.org>
- Roles
  - Contributor, reviewer, module owner, super module owner, project owner
- Code submission
- Code review
- Scoring (-2, -1, 0, +1, +2)

ONOS Scrum Board

Backlog 41 of 430 issues visible

Issue ID	Subject	Category	Priority
ONOS-3822	Resource CLI command refactoring	IP-Optical	1
ONOS-2056	Make optical channel spacing of intents configurable	IP-Optical	1
ONOS-3505	Web UI - Tabular view of drivers and behaviours	Platform	3
ONOS-3767	Optical port informations classes need public constructors	IP-Optical	2
ONOS-3613	Scrub and deprecate old Packet-Optical codes	IP-Optical	2
ONOS-3029	Need ARP table aging mechanism	Core	5
ONOS-2567	add-test-flows failed with flows in PENDING_ADD	Southbound	
ONOS-2079	LinkManager attempts to remove links for which it is not the master	Southbound	
ONOS-3569	Enable some sharing of resources among different EMap instances	Core	5

Details for ONOS-3029:

Need ARP table aging mechanism

Estimate: 5

Status: OPEN

Labels: Starter

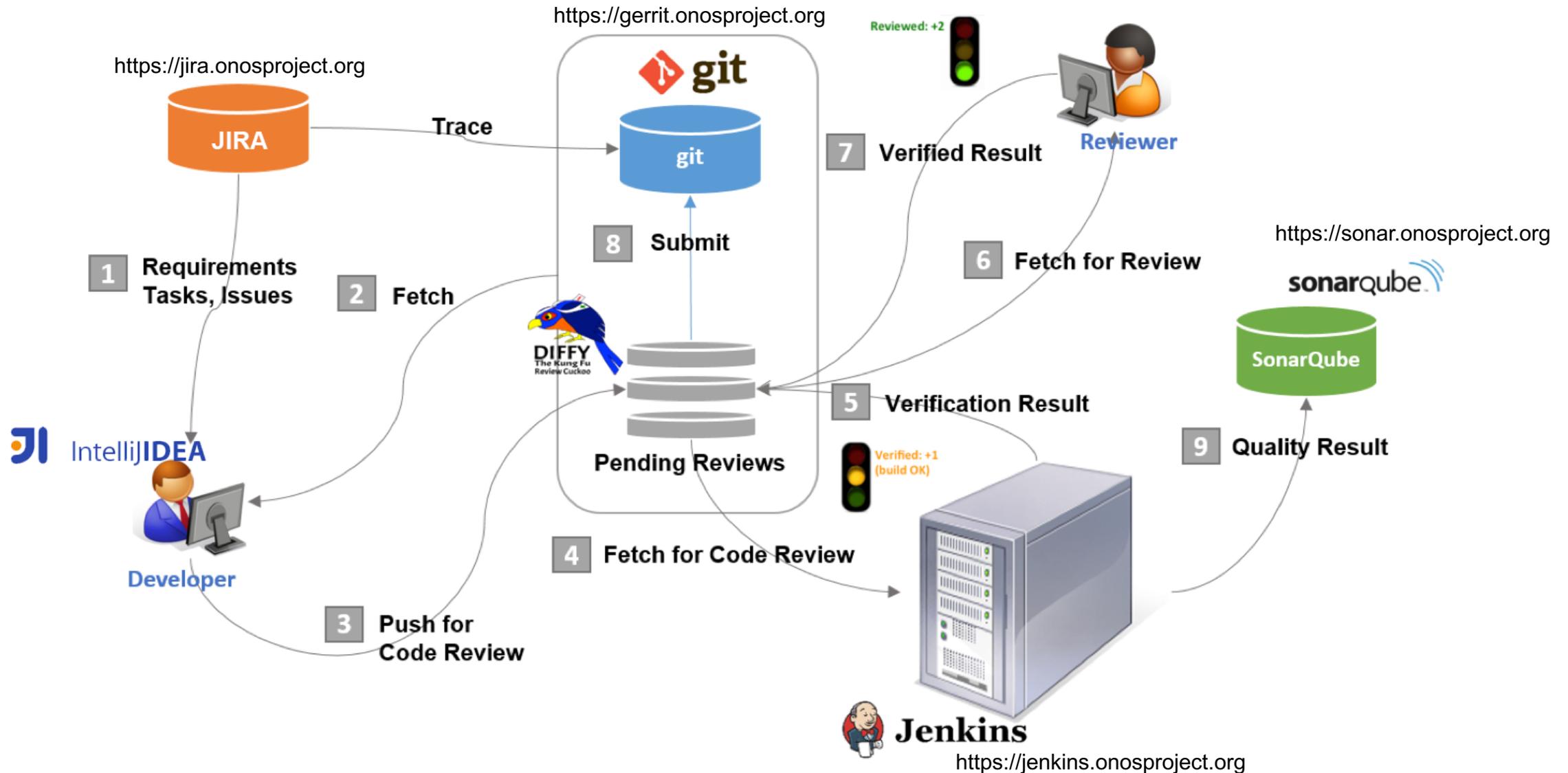
Affects Version/s: 1.4.0

Fix Version/s: None

Epic: Core

Subject	Status	Owner	Size	CR	MO	V
Creating VlanConfigBehaviour to manage VLANs on devices		Konstantinos Kanonakis		+1	+1	✓
Introducing BandwidthProfileConfig behavior to manage policers/markers		Konstantinos Kanonakis		-1	-1	✓
[ONOS-5264] [ONOS-5242] Intents w/ FilteredConnectPoint		Yi Tseng				✓
[ONOS-5280] Update FUNCIntent		Ming Yan Shu				
Get device add time value from log and change thark capture method		chiyu cheng				
[WIP] Fix ONOS cluster restart test		Pier Luigi Ventre				
WIP: [ONOS-5241] Add CLI to VPLS		Chun Ming Ou				✗
Bump up swagger ui from 2.1.5 to 2.2.4		Jian Li				✓
vRouter doesnt handle config remove event		kishore darapu				✓
ONOS-5236 - Adapt SDN-IP to the new intent framework APIs	Merge Conflict	Luca Prete				✓
retry netconf ports discovery		Michele Santuari				✓
[ONOS-5012] implement RESTconf server	Merge Conflict	cheng fan		+1	+1	✓
OpenFlow message processing for new loxi - Draft for testing	Merge Conflict	Jimmy Jin				✗
DO NOT MERGE   HpPipeline driver: Use hardware table 100	Merge Conflict	Steffen Gebert		+1		✓
The first implementation of LISP Encapsulated Control Message (ECM).	Merge Conflict	Yoonseon Han		+1		✓
Fixes for VPLS app		Luca Prete				✓
Parameterize accumulator's variable in AtomixWorkQueue		sangyun han		-1	-1	✓
Adding support for IGMPv2		Luca Prete				✓
WIP: ONOS-5298: New VPLS NeighbourHandler to support multiple VLANs		Yong-hwan Kim		+1	+1	✗
WIP: [ONOS-5283] Support association of arbitrary connect points in vpls, to ...		Huai-Wen Hsu		-1	-1	✗
CORD-413 Implement MPLS Termination in OFdpa3Pipeline	Merge Conflict	Charles Chan				✓
Initial commit of new Ofdpa3Pipeline		Charles Chan				✓
Fix for ONOS-5035	Merge Conflict	deepa vaddirreddy				✗
Key of packet request should include priority, not just selector.		Jonathan Hart		+1		✓
RESTCONF Server outline		Henry Yu		+1		✓

# Development Contribution (4/5)



# Development Contribution (5/5)

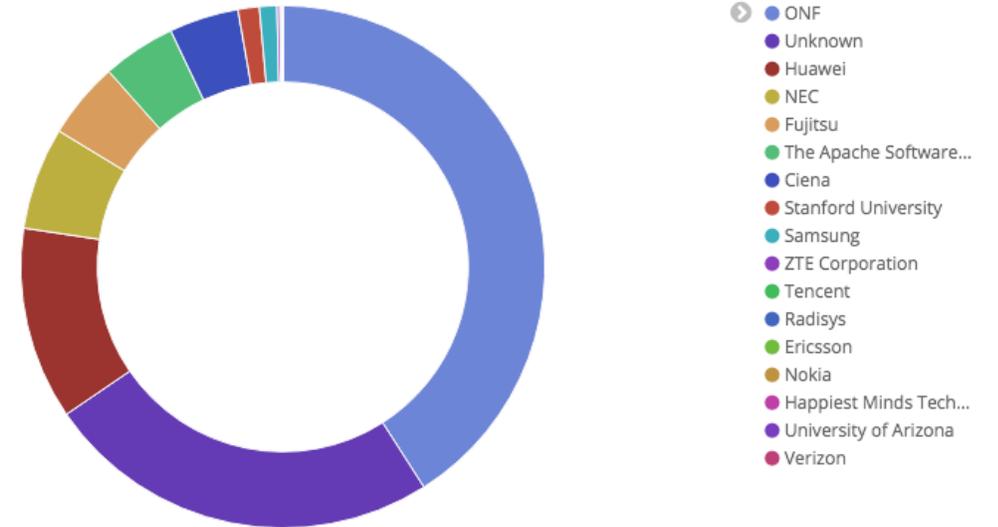


## • ONOS Community Metrics – Last 2 Years

Top Authors

Author	Commits	Projects	Added Lines	Removed Lines	Avg. Files
HIGUCHI Yuta	620	1	45877	12456	4.984
Ray Milkey	587	1	65872	56684	65.206
Thomas Vachuska	484	1	131407	76207	9.11
Simon Hunt	455	1	55450	34340	6.207
Jian Li	444	1	149991	75644	6.919
Shimizu Sho	411	1	11566	13266	3.27
Jon Hall	410	1	41393	164569	5.127
Charles M.C. Chan	375	1	37500	20021	3.747
Brian O'Connor	345	1	50523	138089	91.878
Jonathan Hart	286	1	30669	18473	5.199

Organizations



Git

**9,899**  
# Commits

**332**  
# Authors

**15**  
# Repositories

Commits



Gerrit

**9,766**  
# Changesets

**294**  
# Changeset Submitters

**14**  
# Repositories

Changesets



# Documentation Contribution



- Documentation
  - <https://wiki.onosproject.org>
- Major Items
  - Tutorials, guides, use cases, projects
- Section Owners
  - Similar to *Module Owner* for ONOS codes
- Procedures
  - Check out JIRA to find any exist tickets
  - If exist, take ownership, proceed it!
  - If not, write up the detailed plan in JIRA and proceed documentation in wiki

The screenshot shows the ONOS Wiki interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Wiki', 'Spaces', and 'Browse'. A search bar is visible. A sidebar on the left contains a table of contents with categories like 'Downloads', 'Guides', 'Administrator Guide', 'Welcome to ONOS!', 'Getting ONOS', 'Installing and Running ONOS', 'Configuring ONOS', 'Interacting with ONOS', 'Distributed ONOS', 'Monitoring and Instrumentation', 'Appendix A : CLI commands', 'ONOS & Apps Deployment Guidelines', 'Southbound protocols', 'Flow Rule Criteria', 'Flow Rule Instructions', 'Hardware Switches Tested', 'Developer Guide', 'Architecture and Internals Guide', 'Contributor Guide', 'System Testing Guide', 'Tutorials', 'Community Information', 'Release Model', 'System Test Plans and Results', 'Use Cases', 'Projects', 'FAQ', and 'Useful Links'. The main content area displays a welcome message: 'This wiki documents the current development version of ONOS (master). Refer to the Archives for documentation for all previous versions of ONOS.' Below this is the title 'ONOS / ... / Administrator Guide' and 'Welcome to ONOS!' with a sub-header 'Created by Bob Lantz, last modified on Dec 07, 2015'. The main text explains that ONOS stands for Open Network Operating System and provides control plane software-defined network (SDN) management. It lists three bullet points: 1) For those familiar with server operating systems, ONOS provides analogous functionality like APIs and abstractions, resource permissions, CLI, GUI, and system applications. 2) For those familiar with traditional switch operating systems, ONOS manages the entire network rather than a single device, which dramatically simplifies management, configuration, and deployment of new software and services. 3) For those familiar with SDN controllers, ONOS provides a platform and applications that act as an extensible, modular, distributed SDN controller. The text concludes by stating that the most important benefit of an operating system is that it provides a useful and usable platform for software programs designed for a particular application or use case. ONOS applications often consist of customized communication routing, management, or monitoring services for software-defined networks. Some examples of things which you can do and software written to run on ONOS, may be found in Monitoring and Instrumentation. It also notes that ONOS can run as a distributed system across multiple servers, allowing it to use the memory resources of multiple servers while providing fault tolerance in the face of server failures and potentially supporting live/rolling upgrades of hardware and software without interrupting network traffic. Finally, it mentions that the ONOS kernel and core services, as well as ONOS applications, are written in Java and are bundled into the Karaf OSGi container. OSGi is a component system that allows modules to be installed and run dynamically in a single JVM. Since ONOS runs on a Java Virtual Machine (JVM), it can run on any platform that supports the JVM.

# Spreading the Word Offline



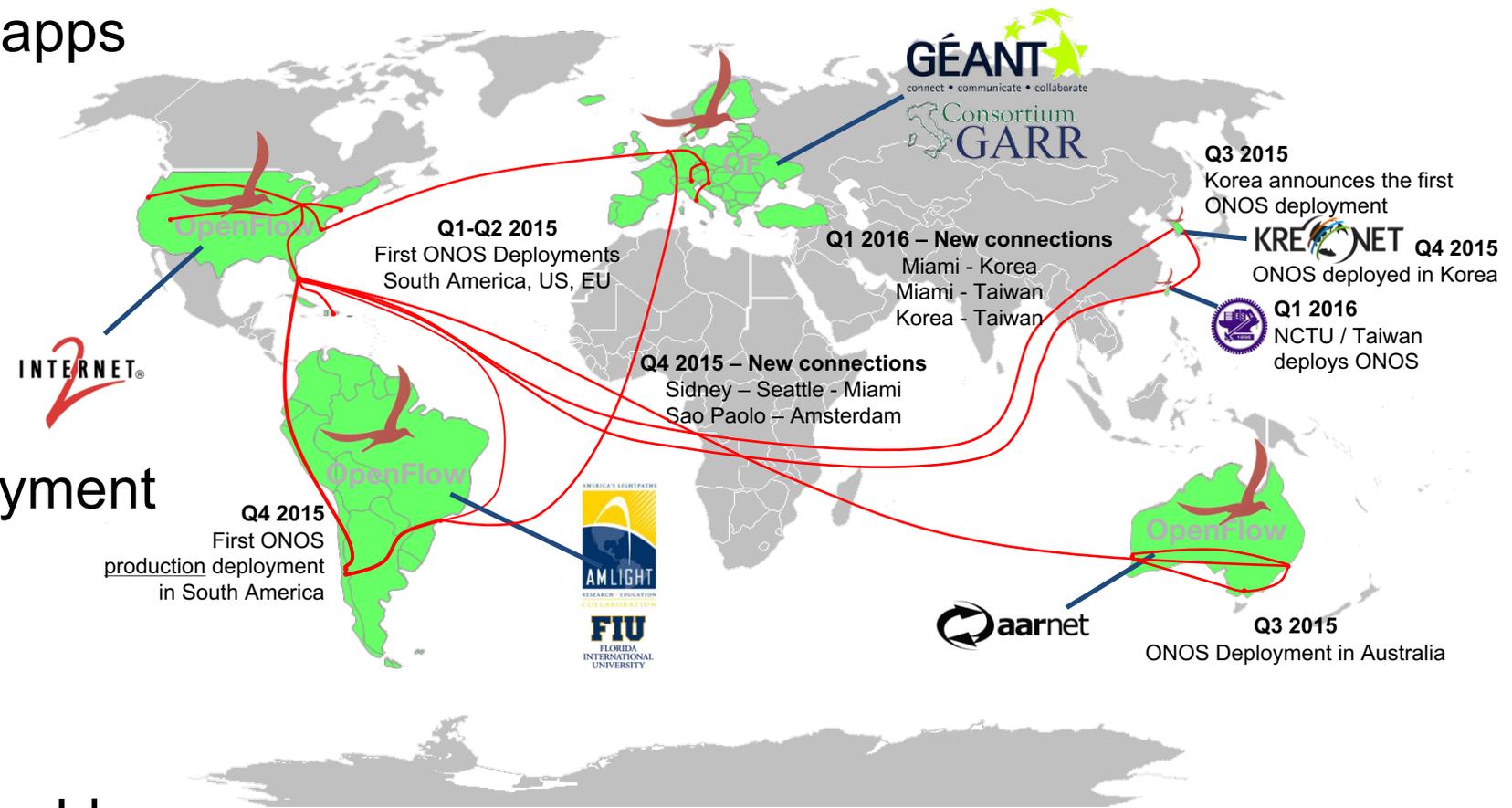
- Share and subscribe (<http://ambassadors.opennetworking.org/>)
  - #ONOSProject, twitter, facebook, etc.
- Ambassador Program
  - Empower anyone who is passionate and knowledgeable about ONOS, who want to build a strong local community
  - Ways ONF supports Ambassadors
    - Provide guidance on organizing local events
    - Order and customize swag and business card
    - Provide relevant slides, templates, videos
    - Produce specific materials (posters, flyers, etc.)
  - Application steps
    1. Submit application form
    2. Interview with A-team member
    3. On-boarding!



# Deployment Contribution



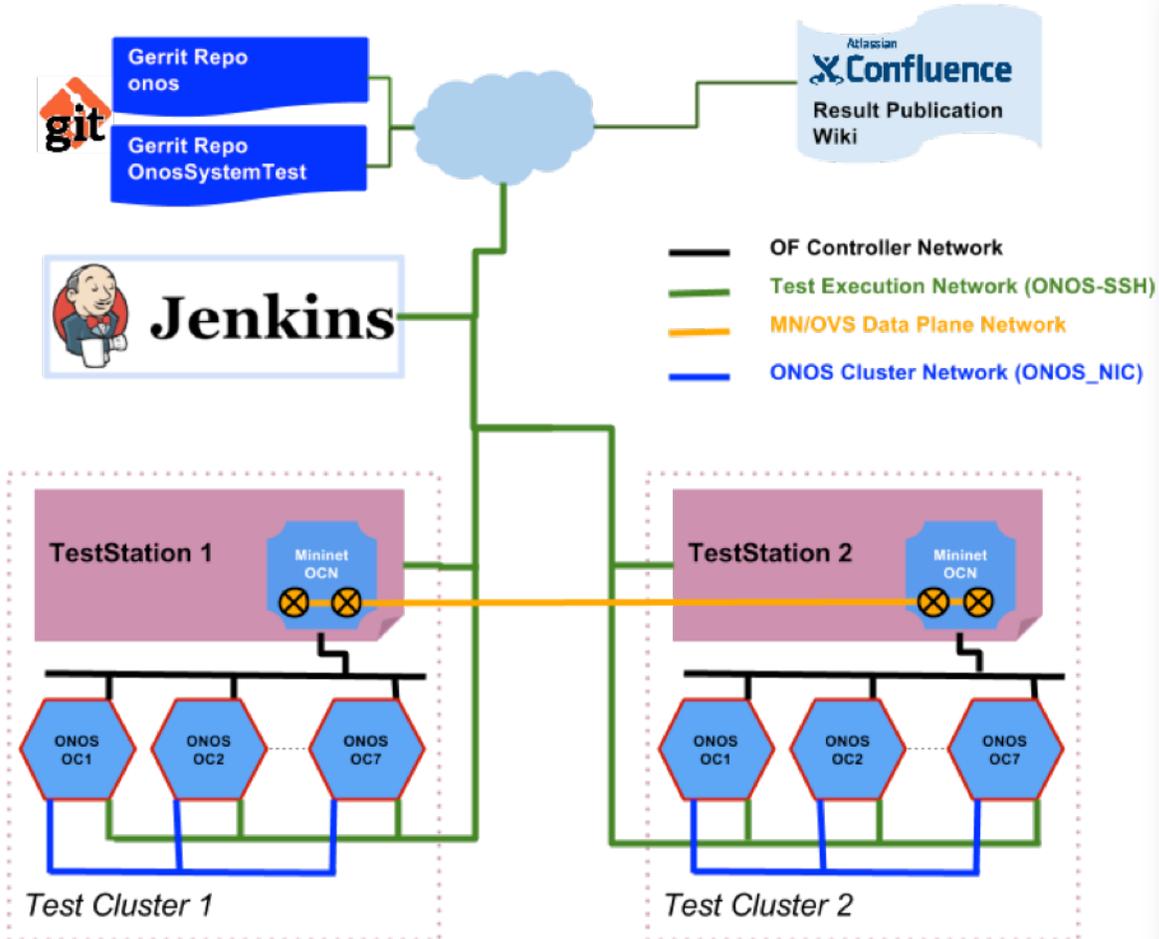
- Expand
  - Deploy ONOS and its apps on your network
- Guide
  - ONF provides resources, guides and tips to help your deployment
- Share
  - ONF shares your deployment with the world



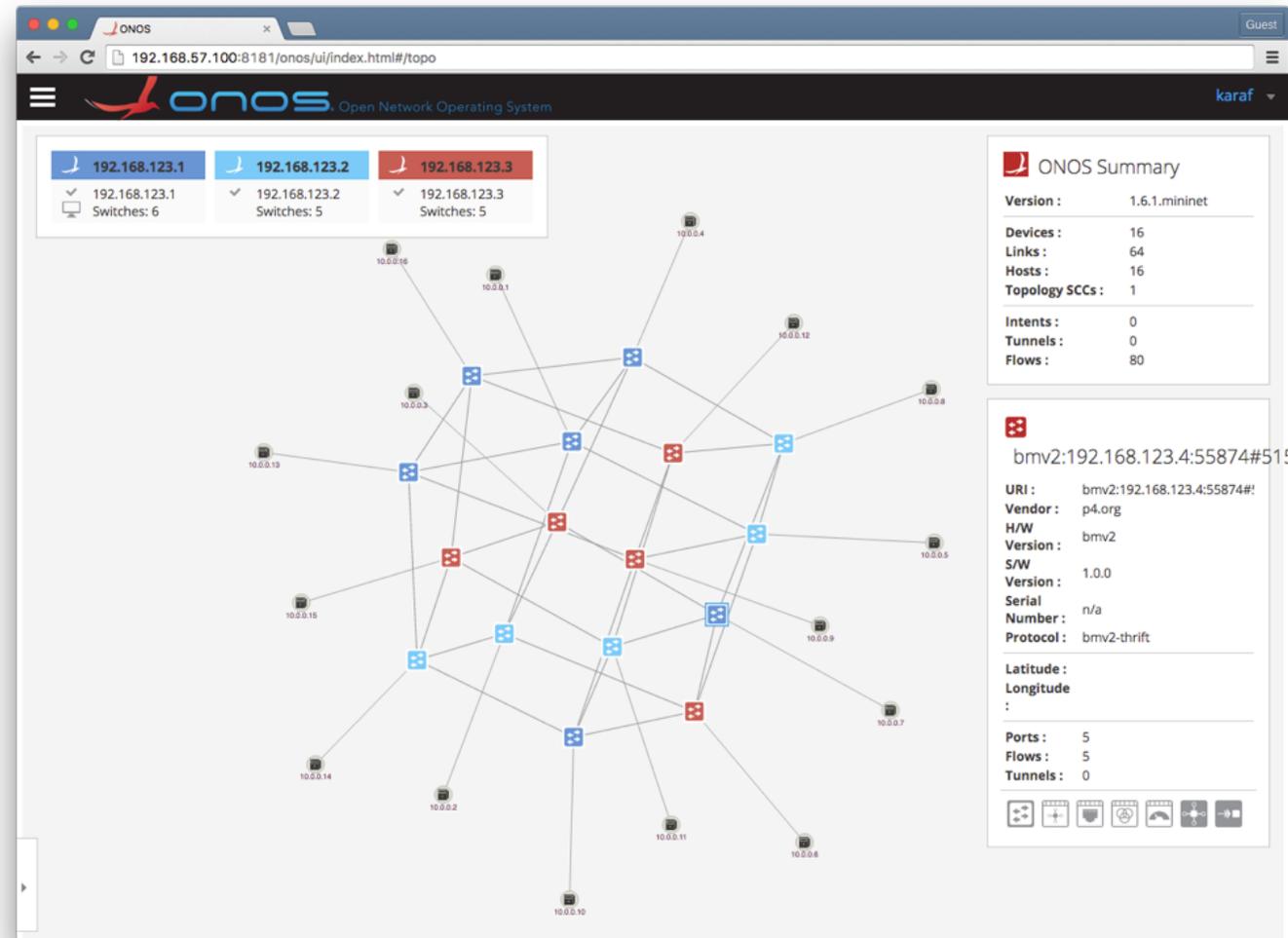
# Other Contributions



- Quality Assurance Contribution



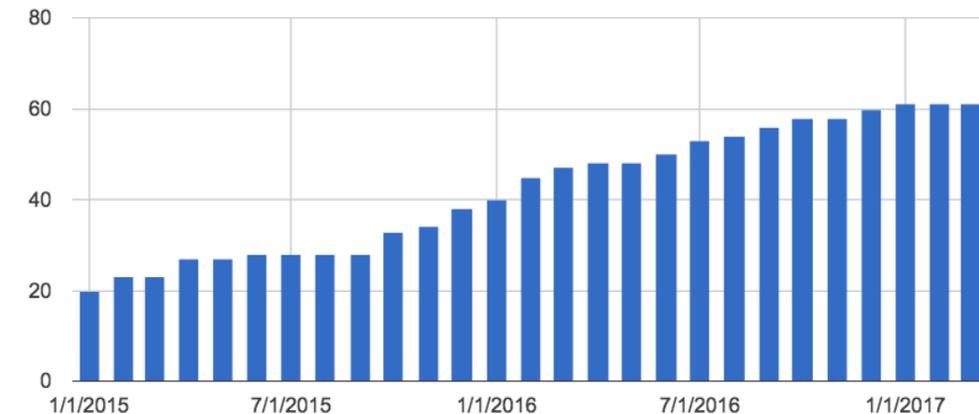
- UX & UI Contribution





- **Brigade Model**
  - Motivation
    - ONOS community continues to grow
    - Challenges of how to coordinate a large group to make sure we're all working toward a shared goal
  - Solution
    - Communicate clearly about ONOS vision
    - Invite people to work together on completing specific parts of the vision
  - **Brigade Model**
    - Create small teams around specific features that core team want to ship in upcoming version of ONOS

**ONOS Community Member Growth**





- **Benefits of Joining a Brigade**
  - **Opportunity**
    - Unique opportunity to work with the core engineering team
    - Participate in work onsite at Menlo Park
  - **Recognition**
    - Showcased widely with the community both online as well as at events
  - **Experience**
    - Get experience in network engineering
    - A great stepping stone to possibly work at ONF or other member organizations
  - **Acceleration**
    - Get work that you care about into an official ONOS release much more quickly
  - **Funding**
    - ONF provides budget for teams to work with the core engineering team



- ONOS Brigades in 2017
  - Intent subsystem 2.0
    - Offers Composable Network-centric Primitives
    - Joint organizations: Fujitsu, ONF
  - SDN/ONOS training
    - Provide and re-organize open source teaching materials
    - Joint organizations
      - DTU, Politecnico di Milano, UPMC, Universita di Pisa, Verizon, Strategic Virtualization, ONF, NCTU, Politecnico di Torino, etc.
  - Build and package infrastructure
    - Tools and processes for building ONOS and publishing the artifacts
    - Joint organizations
      - Verizon, Gigamon, etc.





- ONOS Brigades in 2017
  - gRPC northbound API
    - Allow high-performance interactions with off-platform applications
    - Joint organizations
      - ONF, ZTE, Inspur, etc.
  - Security and performance analysis
    - Assess controller robustness against network and system attacks
    - Compare ONOS controller to other equivalent controllers
    - Joint organizations
      - Orange Labs, Politecnico di Milano, UPMC, Nokia Bell Labs, ONF, QUB, CIT





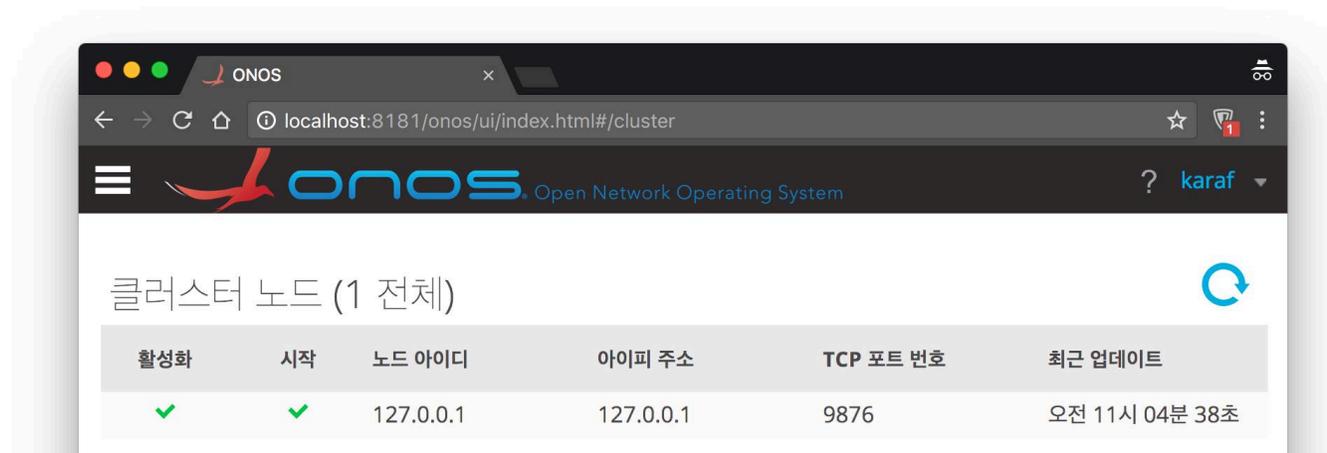
- ONOS Brigades in 2017

- P4

- Support awareness of P4 programs including ability to deploy them
    - Joint organizations
      - ONF, ZTE, Inspur, POSTECH, UTS

- localization (I10n) → LION

- Develop a framework for localization of the GUI and produce a set of localized message bundles



# ONOS Community is Growing



**ONOS Build 2017**  
**Samsung R&D Campus**  
**Sept., 20-22**





onos

Open Network Operating System

<http://onosproject.org/>